GET PART 10
—OF—
MASTERPIECES FROM THE ART GALLERIES OF THE WORLD
NOW READY.

The Daily Colonist.

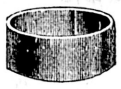
TYPHUS FEVER.
Two barrels of JEYES' PERFECT PURIFIER—the only perfect household disinfectant, just received at CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE, cor. Fort and Douglas Sts. In quantities to suit.

VOL. LXXII.--NO. 46 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA FRIDAY AUGUST 3, 1894. THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.

RINGS.

RINGS

CHILDREN'S RINGS,
BIRTHDAY RINGS,
FRIENDSHIP RINGS,
ENGAGEMENT RINGS,
WEDDING RINGS.



In the Latest Designs, at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S

Manufacturing Jewellers, No. 47 Government Street.

RINGS

WATER

The only way you can use Victoria Water is to Filter it. We are selling the Best English Make Filters at Cost. Now is the best time to buy.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

OGILVIE'S HUNGARIAN.

VICTORIA, B.C., March 19, 1894.
Messrs. OGILVIE MILLING CO., Winnipeg, Man.:
Gentlemen:—Having used your Hungarian Patent Flour for a considerable period of time, I must say it gives entire satisfaction, both for quantity and quality of Bread, Cakes and Pastry, and can strongly recommend it for use for the trade and families.
Wishing you every success, I remain, yours respectfully,
(Sd) JOHN J. WILSON,
Central Bakery, 84 Yates Street, Victoria.

G. M. LEISHMAN, VICTORIA, AGENT FOR B. C.
jy23

SPECIALTIES FOR THIS WEEK:

Tan Boots and Shoes at Big Reductions

A. B. ERSKINE,
CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

WEILER BROS.
Have received an elegant stock of
RATTAN GOODS
COMPRISING

Hall Stands, Fancy Tables, Music Stands, Music Racks, Umbrella Stands,
Jardinieres, Hall Racks, Work Baskets, Stools, Chairs, etc.
Weiler Bros. have an immense stock of PRESERVING JARS, JELLY GLASSES, etc.

These are the right goods, and prices very reasonable.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

A. M. BRODZIAK & CO.,
General Merchants, Importers and Exporters.
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
SUVA, - - - - - FIJI.
Advancs Made Against Consignments.
de15

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters' Block, Government Street, Victoria, B. C.
A. Keefer, M.I.C.E H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E

THE DAUGHTERS OF ST. GEORGE
Will celebrate their first anniversary at Harmony Hall, on **Friday Evening, August 3**, with a social entertainment and dance.
ADMISSION 25C., INCLUDING ICE CREAM AND CAKE.
jy29-5t

To Contractors and Builders.
FOR SALE: One million first-class CEDAR SHINGLES AT $1 40 PER M.
These Shingles are the best ever offered in Victoria. They will lay 20 inches more than any Shingle on the market. Lumber still at Low Rates.
EWEN MORRISON, Proprietor,
Rock Bay Lumber Yard.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A new or good second-hand typewriter cheap. Address P.O. Box 147. au3 1t

WANTED—Small furnished cottage for light housekeeping; rent low; no children. Coltart & Jenns. au3-2t

WANTED—To rent house; about nine rooms; good situation. Coltart & Jenns. au3-2t

WILL give in part payment for a good milch cow, a good $50 sewing machine (New Raymond). Address R.F., Colonist office. au3-3t

FOR SALE CHEAP—A Massey Harvester and Henry straw-cutter; both in first-class order and warranted to do good work; the reaper has been in use one season. Apply to William Powell, Ontario Wagon Shop. au3-d1t-w1t

ALL kinds of fencing, stumping, slashing, draining, etc., etc., done by the Victoria Stumping Company at very reasonable rates. Address A.B., Colonist office. au3

A FEW more tons of potatoes on hand; a consignment of tub butter at low prices Hartman & Co., Commission Merchants, 11 & 12 City Market. au3-1t

MRS. KENNEDY, 63 Humboldt St; work by day, house cleaning, washing and ironing. au3-6t

TWO surprising bargains which should induce every mother of a boy to make a bee line to Cameron's, 55 Johnson street. Boys' canton undershirts and boys' cotton overshirts 25c. each. au3-1t

THE Northwest Produce Co. have taken the premises formerly known as the Victoria Feed Produce Co., and will occupy them until their new premises are completed. We keep the choicest stock of hay, oats, chop feed, wheat, &c., &c., in the market. See our goods and get our prices before placing your orders. Northwest Produce Co., next to City Hall. au3-1t

DON'T FORGET—The Volunteer Social Club will give a Fan Social, Saturday evening, August 4th, in Harmony Hall. Fans will be furnished by the Club. Admission—Gents, 50c.; ladies free. Mrs. M. E. McCracken, Acting Manager. au2-3t

CURLING IRONS AND HEATERS
—AT—
COCHRANE & MUNN,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

CHAMPIONSHIP
Lacrosse Match
WESTMINSTER
VS.
VICTORIA
Saturday, August 4th
—AT—
CALEDONIA GROUNDS.
Ball faced at 3 p.m. Concert by B.C.B.G.A. Band commences at 2:30.
Admission 50 cents; ladies 25 cents: grand stand 25 cents. au2

AUCTION OF JEWELLERY
TO-DAY
Great Slaughter Sales
Will be held, at which every article offered will be sold, absolutely no matter what it brings. This necessary on account of the great expense of a prolonged sale. Our positive instructions are to sell in order to clear. Attend these sales; they will be the greatest unreserved sales of Jewellery ever held here.
To-Day and To-Morrow
at 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. respectively.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO,
jy29 AUCTIONEERS.

GLADSTONE'S DECLINATION.

Reasons For His Unwillingness to Visit the United States.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The original copy of Mr. Gladstone's letter in reply to the recent invitation of 100 representative Americans to visit the United States is as follows:

DOLLIS HILL, July 30, 1894.—Gentlemen: I am alike impressed with the gratifying nature of the invitation you have been good enough to address to me, and with the form, alike flattering and considerate, in which it has been conveyed. While I am sensible of the strong reasons which would make a visit to your great country an object of interest and warm desire, I have for some time felt that my advancing years have placed an obstacle in its way, such as I could hardly hope to surmount. Undoubtedly your letter has supplied the strongest motives for an attempt to brave the impossible, but I regret to say that it reaches me at a time when, even if I were much younger, it could not induce me to consider this question

"The surgical treatment of my eye for cataract which began recently with the usual operation will not be concluded for nearly two months, and until that treatment shall have reached its conclusion—in about that time—I hope I will be able to look with confidence to a date of restoration of practical and useful vision. Under these circumstances, however sanguine as to the eventual issue I may feel, I am incapacitated from contraction of prospective engagements, and I am sure that you and the many distinguished gentlemen who join you will feel with me that this is the only reply that I can make to your proposal. I beg you to accept and convey the assurance of my grateful thanks and unalterable interest in your country. Believe me, most faithfully, WILLIAM E. GLADSTONE."

Sheffield Cutlery Store.
Pocket knives, table cutlery, shears and razors in great variety at Fox's, 78 Government street.

SPECIAL facilities for making blank books. R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

CARNOT'S MURDERER

On Trial for His Life—A Mild Mannered, Innocent Looking Boy.

His Coolness and Self-Possession—He Denies Connection With Anarchists.

LYONS, Aug. 2.—The trial of Santo Caesario for the murder of President Carnot began here this morning. Caesario was transferred from the prison to the Palace of Justice at 5 o'clock this morning under a strong escort of gens d'armes. As the judges took their seat upon the bench, Caesario was ordered to be placed in the prisoners' dock. He is a mild-faced, commonplace youth. His complexion is fair. There is a faint suspicion of down upon his upper lip, and it seemed difficult to realize that such a mild mannered boy was the assassin of the chief magistrate of the French republic.

The jury was then empanelled, several persons being objected to by Attorney General Folchier. Under the questioning of the judge, Caesario recapitulated his antecedents. His Christian name was, he said, Santo Geronimo. He was born in November, 1873, and his father was a Frenchman. When questions were repeated he easily lost his temper like a petulant child, and it was necessary to translate the queries into Italian. Coming to the question of the prisoner's responsibility, the judge said:

"Its an important point whether you are responsible or not."

Caesario replied in a firm voice: "Yes, I am absolutely responsible."

Later the judge said: "Your mother worshipped you and gave you all the advantages she possibly could. She sent you to school where you never won a prize."

"Never once," answered Caesario laughing with genuine gaiety.

The "aplomb" of the prisoner excited expressions of surprise on all sides, nothing to equal it having ever been witnessed here. In reference to his having been sent to school, he added:

"If I had been a better scholar, I should have been a better man."

A few minutes later, being asked about his choir boy days, when he represented John the Baptist in church processions, he said:

"I was a child then, and children you know unwittingly act stupidly."

The judge then discussed Caesario's presence at the revolutionary lectures of Signor Gori, a lawyer in Milan, in spite of the expostulations of his family, whereupon Caesario exclaimed:

"Humanity is greater than family!"

When asked whether he did not act as a courier between the anarchists of France and Italy, after the Italian anarchist journal Amici De Popolo had been suppressed, Caesario answered:

"The police do their work; I do mine. I have nothing to say more than that they (the police) taxed communications between various anarchists systematically."

The prisoner denied knowing a single anarchist.

Judge Breuillac—"Coming to Lyons, you stopped at Vienna, and went to an anarchistic barber's?"

Caesario—"I naturally went to a barber's, I could not get my hair cut at a bakers." (Laughter.)

The Judge—"A deputation of Lyonnaise anarchists visited you as a personage of importance when you were ill in the hospital at Cette."

Caesario—"A friend from Lyons visited me and he had some of his friends with him, but they brought me nothing."

Judge—"What, brought you nothing? didn't they bring these? (producing photographs of Ravachol Pallas, and the Chicago anarchists)"

Caesario—"No."

"At any rate they were similar to these," returned the judge.

"Now you are right," admitted the prisoner.

Throughout the examination the prisoner defended himself against accusations of connection with anarchists with rare skill, fighting the ground inch by inch. There was a profound sensation in the courtroom when Assistant Registrar Mathieu removed the covering from a dagger and handed it to the judge. The weapon was still stained with the blood of the murdered President, and as the magistrate held it up a thrill of horror ran through the assemblage.

"Is this the one you brought from Cette?" asked the judge.

"Yes," replied Caesario unflinchingly as he nodded toward the still bloody dagger.

As the judge handled the weapon before passing it to the jury the prisoner was not in the least disconcerted, and as the dagger was handed to the jury the criminal calmly brushed a fly from his cheek. Through the interpreter Caesario minutely detailed his journey from Cette to Lyons. With brutal coolness he described his later movements, as follows:

"When I saw M. Carnot's carriage arriving I unsheathed my dagger. I ran forward and planted the dagger, turned and withdrew, when I was struck down. M. Carnot looked me straight in the eyes."

The Judge—"Did you not have some sensation of the enormity of your crime when you saw the eyes of your victim fixed upon you? Hasn't remorseful memory troubled you since?"

Caesario—"No, I have felt nothing whatever."

Coming to the question of premeditation, Caesario readily admitted that the anarchist was the enemy of all the chiefs of state, and also that the purchase of the dagger was a further indication of premeditation.

The Judge—"How long had you meditated the crime?"

Caesario (impudently)—"You'll find that in the prosecution papers."

The Judge then read a number of inflammatory statements attributed to Caesario, and said: "You declared that if you returned to Italy you would kill both the King and the Pope."

Caesario—"That's impossible. The Pope and the King are never together. Therefore I couldn't kill both."

He also denied that the crime was the result of a plot in which the assassin was designated by lot.

Judge Breuillac recalled the threatening letters which were sent to President Carnot, and also the fact that on the night of the murder an envelope was addressed to Madame Carnot enclosing a portrait of Ravachol, which bore the inscription "Well revenged!"

The Judge said: "You claim to be the executor of popular justice, yet you are both the accuser and the executioner."

Caesario—"Here we are dealing with the facts of the case. I am not inclined to discuss theories."

The Judge—"You are very young to pretend to judge the father of a family."

Caesario—"Youth is immaterial; soldiers equally young were guilty of worse crimes in shooting down the Sicilians."

The Judge—"But they were obeying orders."

Caesario—"They were imbecile criminals to obey a murderous chief, instead of obeying their idea of justice, as I did."

M. Vaux, cutler at Cette, testified he sold the knife to the prisoner on the Friday evening before the assassination.

Caesario maintains that he bought the knife on Saturday.

M. Fochier read an affidavit from Mme. Viola, wife of Caesario's former employer, which stated that he was the centre of a group of anarchists in Cette. She related how he had said that if he should ever mount the scaffold he would be more courageous than Henri.

Caesario interrupted at this point and said that was incorrect. "Henri," he said, "was courageous to the last. He couldn't have done better."

A RECOGNIZED FAILURE.

Debs Says Society is Opposed to Strikes and it is Useless to Inaugurate Them.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Eugene V. Debs arrived from Terre Haute at 10:45 yesterday. He returned to Chicago to preside at a convention of the A.R.U. at Uhlich's hall to decide whether the railway strike will be declared off or if it will be continued to formulate a new plan of operations.

"I will never again have any official connection with a strike," said Mr. Debs, and in what followed he admitted, for the first time, that the A. R. U. strike resulted in failure. "The organised elements of society are opposed to strikes," he continued, "and so long as strikes are repugnant to society, it is useless to inaugurate them. We might start it now and organise a strike on a most extensive plan, but it would end inevitably as this one has. Under these circumstances it is vain to hope that anything can be gained by striking. We must vote out of office those men who seem to think that labor is entirely wrong and capital always in the right when there is a dispute between the two interests. The strike has served a good purpose in that it has been another object lesson to the masses, who know how they must expect to achieve their rights. I don't say that the A.R.U. will become a political organization, but I think there will be a spontaneous awakening of all organized labor to the necessity for united action at the polls."

In the afternoon he addressed an audience of 2,500 persons in Uhlich's hall. Men struggled with each other to get places on the stairway outside, the hall being densely packed before the strike leader arrived. When he entered a scene of wild enthusiasm prevailed, the crowd yelled itself hoarse, and for five minutes the air was full of hats and handkerchiefs. The scene was repeated when Mr. Debs, at the conclusion of his speech, left the hall. In his speech he denounced the railroads, the judiciary and the two old parties. He declared the Santa Fe had robbed the people of $6,000,000, and that the judiciary was under the influence of money. He said instead of this being a government of the people, for the people, and by the people, it was a government of the corporations, for the corporations, and by the corporations. He advised every man to vote the Populist ticket this fall, and declared if the Populists proved corrupt, the workingmen could abandon that party also and form another. "Whatever," said Mr. Debs, "the delegates of the American Railway Union do at the meeting, I can promise you this, they will do the best they can for the interests of the American Railway Union and the men out on this strike in this unequal struggle."

DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

Bill Introduced to Provide Employment for Every Idle Citizen—To Exclude Anarchists.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The Populist senator from Kansas was the sponsor for a bill prepared by the representatives of "The United States Industrial Army," now encamped near Washington or on its march to the capital. Under its terms the Secretary of War is to inaugurate a system of public improvement that will furnish employment to all U. S. citizens who may apply for it at the minimum wages of $2 a day, and the Secretary of the Treasury is to provide a fund for their payment by the issue of $250,000,000 in treasury notes.

A bill for the exclusion of anarchists was reported from the committee on immigration and was placed on the calendar.

HAWAII QUIET.

With the Proclamation of the Republic Royalist Protests Have Ceased.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 2.—Following are the Honolulu advices per the steamer Alameda, which arrived this forenoon:

Since the proclamation of the republic quietness has reigned. Royalists' protest have ceased, and the general situation is that of perfect acquiescence in the present government. Registration for the coming election has actively commenced. The election will probably be held in October. It is rumored, however, that two secret conferences have been held between white and native royalists aiming at the restoration of the queen.

Fatal Dynamite Explosion.

EGANVILLE, Aug. 2.—At the works of the Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry Sound Railway, near Barris bay on Tuesday, a charge of dynamite exploded and instantly killed Geo. Marston from Mattawa, a man named Kelly from Palmer Rapids and an Englishman recently out whose name is unknown.

Weiler Bros. have received two new "clothes wringers," the Acme and Peerless. These are thoroughly recommended and will save lots of labor.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Revising Officers for Federal Voters' Lists in the Province of British Columbia.

Young Lobsters From Nova Scotia Hatcheries—Mr. Haggart's Tour of Canal Inspection.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 2.—Unusual activity prevails in the State department with respect to preparations for the revision of the federal voters' lists. Instructions to the revising officers have all been sent out. The British Columbia revising officers are as follows: Victoria, E. Wootton, barrister; Vancouver district, Judge Crease; Burrard district, R. W. Armstrong, barrister, Vancouver; Westminster, Wm. Gray, barrister, New Westminster; Yale and Cariboo district, Judge Walkem, Kamloops.

Hon. Mr. Haggart has left town on a tour of inspection of the canal system.

Clarke Wallace will not return to Canada until next month.

One hundred and sixty million young lobsters were hatched out of the government hatcheries in Nova Scotia this year.

TORONTO TOPICS.

New Election Protests—Deep Water Ways—Emancipation Anniversaries—Shepard's Suits.

TORONTO, Aug. 2.—(Special)—Twenty-four election protests have now been filed at the Court of Appeals, six having been entered to-day against members elect to the provincial legislature, as follows: Reid, Conservative, Addington; McLean, Liberal, South Huron; Garrow, Liberal, West Huron; McNeill, Patron, South Perth; Tucker, Patron, West Wellington; and St. John, Conservative, West York.

The deep water way committee of the city council have definitely fixed upon September 17, 18, 19 and 20 as the dates for the convention to be held here to discuss the question of canal deepening.

Emancipation celebrations were held at various points throughout Western Ontario to-day. Almost the entire colored population of the city had an excursion to Waterloo, where a grand picnic winding up with a cake walk and dance, lasting all night, took place.

George Buckley, a laborer living on Hallam street, hanged himself from a tree.

Two suits have been filed at Osgoode Hall by Edmund E. Sheppard of Saturday Night against the Evening News for $57 440. One is for an alleged libel, in which $10,000 damages is asked. Sheppard claims that he was not dismissed, but voluntarily resigned to start Saturday Night. The second is for $47,440 for an alleged violation of the joint stock companies' act under which the defendant is incorporated.

MONTREAL MATTERS.

Fastest St. Lawrence Passage on Record—"Canadians Have no Cause to Complain."

MONTREAL, Aug. 2.—(Special)—The S S. Labrador passed Heath point at 7 o'clock this morning and is due at Quebec at 1 p. m., Friday. This is the fastest passage on record. She left Liverpool on July 26.

Prof. Tanner, the well-known agriculturist, arrived here yesterday from England. He says that Canadians have no reason to complain of the action of the British Department of Agriculture in scheduling Canadian cattle.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Milkmen Will go on Strike—Opening of the Northwest Assembly.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 2.—(Special)—Albert Wise, a Winnipeg electrician, was killed while at work in Chicago to-day.

Beresford Greathead has been sentenced to four months' imprisonment for forgery.

The city milkmen contemplate striking as a protest against the new license fee.

The Northwest Assembly opened at Regina to-day.

The Icelanders of the city celebrated the national anniversary of Iceland this afternoon.

NEWFOUNDLAND POLITICS.

Opening of the Annual Session of the Colonial Legislature—Public Works to Be Provided For.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Aug. 2.—The legislature began its annual session here to-day. The principal measure that will engross the attention of the law makers will be to enact statutes providing for a series of public works in order that the unemployed now clamoring for work may become satisfied and not follow after the strange god of "Coxeyism" now threatening.

WAR STILL ON.

Hard Times With the Royalists, Many of Whom Are Going Over to the Enemy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 2.—Advices received to-day from Apia, Samoa, say the civil war still drags on. The rebels are entrenched at Atula and Aana, and are well provided with provisions. The royalists are on half rations, and are content in preventing the rebels from reaching the seat of government. The action of the king's party is responsible for much of the dissatisfaction. Many of the supporters of the king are going over to the enemy. A party of two hundred rebels and Tamasese worried the government seriously by constantly appearing where least expected, burning houses and killing stragglers. The officers of the German ship Falke are on extremely cordial relations with the rebels, and feasts in their honor have been held in Laulii.

The torture of dyspepsia and sick headache, the agonizing itching and pain of salt rheum, are removed by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Having purchased the entire stock of the late firm of Kerr & Begg, we are in a position to offer special prices on many articles in our line. T. N. Hibben & Co.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Northfield Difficulty Temporarily Settled—Agricultural Exhibition at Nanaimo—Interesting Case.

Further Improvement in the Salmon Catch—Bishop Sillitoe's Successor—Incendiary Fire.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER

VANCOUVER, Aug. 2.—The Mermaid, which is being prepared in Victoria, is to go on the Northern route. Most of the crew have been engaged here.

Dairymen throughout the district are being required to give certificates whenever asked as to the health of their cows.

The new co-operative club is still the subject of very much public comment. Hon. Mr. Turner arrives here to-day. He will be joined by the pioneers of the society, and the party will proceed to the northwest portion of Vancouver Island, where the land is to be taken up.

Emancipation day was celebrated by the colored people in Vancouver yesterday in magnificent style.

The ball at the Hotel Vancouver last evening, in aid of the St. Gabriel's Home, was not a success as far as attendance was concerned.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Aug. 2.—The skeleton of an Indian woman was unearthed to-day by workmen who were deepening the Caledonia hotel cellar. The site of the hotel was occupied thirty years ago by a wooden legged man named Deben, who kept an Indian trading store. How it got there is a mystery.

William Feeks, of Abbotsford, lost his barn by fire on Friday night; believed to be incendiary.

The salmon catch improved again last night, some canneries reciving as high as 10,000 fish this morning. The catches ran from fifty to 500 to the boat at the mouth of the river, but higher up they were considerably less.

The election of a bishop for the diocese of New Westminster, to fill the vacancy created by the death of Bishop Sillitoe, will take place in Holy Trinity cathedral, this city, on October 3. In accordance with a mandate received yesterday from Bishop Ridley, Senior Bishop of British Columbia, the Venerable the Archdeacon of Columbia has summoned a special meeting of the synod for the time and place above mentioned.

A special effort will be made on the part of the members of the Church of England to pay off the debts of the diocese of New Westminster. Between $5,000 and $6,000 are due to the late Bishop's estate, on account of money advanced by him at different times. The clergy of the districts were twenty per cent. short of the stipend last quarter. The congregations of the different parishes are to be called together, and the financial difficulties explained in detail and immediate action taken to raise the money required.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Aug. 2.—The Nanaimo Agricultural Society will hold an exhibition some time in September.

The case of Miss Rosa Leigh Spencer, life insurance agent, against G. R. Raymond, proprietor of the Hotel Wilson, was on in the police court again yesterday. The decision of the matter is awaited with unusual interest.

The Northfield difficulty has been temporarily settled in an entirely satisfactory manner. The men will be given partial employment without interfering in any way with the town hands. Had the superintendent been unable to make this arrangement all hands would have been in an unpleasant position; Northfield men out of work, face to face with starvation, and town men morally bound to assist them, which in the present slack times is practically impossible without the infliction of hardships upon their own families.

MINING AND AGRICULTURE.

TO THE EDITOR:—In the issue of 17th July of the COLONIST, there appeared a letter from me under the heading of "Mining and Agriculture," wherein I pointed out the advantages of having a bureau of mines and mining, and I would now respectfully ask your attention to some further remarks on the beneficial effects, which would, I think, result from this bureau being established.

From the North to the South of British Columbia it has been proved that there are minerals, both precious and base. Let it be recognised that the Province has the out-put of the mines to pay for the product of the soil.

It should never be forgotten the minerals of the province are its strongest and most extensive resources; giving encouragement to agriculture and railways: and to assist in the development of these mineral resources, a bureau of mining would do much good, for,

It would be to the interest of the miner to give all information to the bureau.

It would be to the interest of the Government to have all information at the bureau.

It would be to the interest of the investor to get all information from the bureau.

It would be an antidote to pure speculation in mines, and give confidence to people investing in mining.

Especially would it be most valuable, for while mining has been carried on in the province since 1858, it is now—to quote Mr. Rithet—"entering on its manhood," and beginning with a reliable source of information would mean a great deal for its future.

It is not, however, to the precious minerals alone that attention should be called—iron, copper, coal, etc., are of inestimable value, and will be the main factors to further progressive and lucrative industries. Nature seems to have placed the minerals of the province in the best position for their future use; for while the precious metals are distributed all over the country, iron and copper on the coast are easy of shipment, after smelting, with the fluxes available and fuel to hand, or for rolling mills. Added to this, the favorable position the coast shows for shipbuilding. The iron, copper and coal in the interior, point to a development of that portion of the province, where necessarily a great amount of mechanical work will be essential for the manufacturing industries that will be needful.

A country like British Columbia, with great mineral resources, should recognise that these resources are the most tangible which she has, for while her forests may be destroyed by fire and her fisheries may fluctuate, the primary fundamental wealth of the province, the mines, are *in esse*, and the others *in posse*

British Columbia should recognise that after a depression it is time to show that here in this province, with a government giving every encouragement and information to people, these people will find they can invest their money with confidence.

By having good laws you are able to influence the best people to come and interest themselves in the country, and capital is what is required.

So far, I have alluded principally to the beneficial effects that a bureau of mining would have on mining, but it would have an effect also in other fields.

It is not denied that the discovery of the precious minerals and the opening up of the mines were paramount in leading to the agricultural and manufacturing industries of Australia, California, Montana, and the same opening up of mines will have the same effect in South Africa.

In connection with the recent surveys the bureau would be of great assistance to the government in laying out holdings in the vicinity of the mines which are suitable for agricultural purposes; and there are many valleys in proximity to the mining regions which would be well worth cultivation were the market close at hand. This would lead to larger spheres of agriculture, and the railways noting this, would extend their communications, and so eventually cause it to be unnecessary to import such a large amount of our food supply.

In connection with this it may be noted that Sir William Van Horne is quoted as expressing his opinion to the effect that there is more than a probability of an early railway construction era in this province, and a complete and accurate knowledge of the mining resources, such as would be available at the Bureau of Mining, would be a most useful adjunct in assisting such enterprise. Yours truly,

W. R. GRAHAME.

Victoria, B.C., July 31, 1894.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

TO THE EDITOR:—There is considerable talk just now, the elections being over, of the badness of the water from Elk Lake for drinking purposes. Judging from its dirtiness there seems to be good reason for the complaints urged against it. The doctors say they have not found it produces any prevalent complaints, but if the people complain much more the medicos will join in and declare water produces all sorts of complaints, epidemic or endemic diseases to no end (sewers have had their innings!!), and kills more people than beer and spirtuous liquors!

There are numerous temperance and total abstinence societies authorities in this dry and thirsty city, but how can anyone expect them to succeed in their war against alcohol, except they invent a new palatable beverage made with boiling water. It seems that this earthy, peaty, leechy, sluggy, fishy, infusarial, bacterial compound called water is the best excuse for drinking wines, spirituous liquors and smoking the horrible atmosphere adulterating, body and brain attenuating, foreign labor produce, vile, stinking, saliva exciting foul mouthing seductive tobacco.

Possibly the corporation—the city corporation—ought to be blamed for the "drunk and disorderly cases" who have five dollars in their pockets (no other drunkards are discoverable), but the city is short of funds, and so, perhaps, as a financial measure they supply dirty water in order to get money from those who drink a little too much whiskey (being afraid of the water), and additional licensed houses. The next "drunk" will plead "bad water, your Honor," but will this valid excuse, excuse him from paying the customary five dollars? Oh teatotallers—oh corporations—you have much to answer for. Drink whiskey and die! Drink water and die! Here is a quandary.

IN MEDIO FESTISSIMA?

REFUSE BURNING.

TO THE EDITOR:—Kindly permit me a few remarks, chiefly valedictory, on the above subject before placing it permanently on the shelf as far as this city is concerned; in fact I would not have troubled you about it but for Mr. Munn's sneer with regard to its being a wonder the city is not "rolling in wealth," as the Times puts it, by adopting some of the proposed schemes for saving money. I can assure Ald. Munn that the city is fully alive to the fact that it will never be rolling in wealth by adopting any of his schemes. At any rate, I should not have been any richer, nor would the city be any poorer, by adopting this scheme of mine.

It was stated by Ald. Dwyer that a crematory at Winnipeg had not been a success, but he did not state that I showed him drawings and descriptions of refuse burners in England—where they pay more attention to such things—that have been successful for the past three or four years, and are in operation at the present time, producing steam power and working machinery. The Mayor is well posted on the subject, and has expressed himself highly in favor of it over and over again; but in declining to appoint a special committee to inquire into its merits—why, actions speak louder than words. The attitude of the members of the council who have expressed views on the subject is a revelation to me, and for saying one thing and meaning and doing another, commend me to a city council.

My proposal has not been discarded on its merits, for its merits have not been inquired into and reported on by competent independent authority, but has been put on one side simply and for the sole reason that it and myself would be a disturbing element in the snug family party who are running the electric light show. I would, in conclusion, thank those aldermen who, having listened to me and convinced themselves that they were in the right, have not hesitated to express themselves in favor of my proposal.

D. CARTMEL.

A NUISANCE.

TO THE EDITOR.—Will you please allow me (through your valuable paper) to protest against the use of our main street for firemen's practice. Last evening Government street was blocked to traffic and business for over one hour. Such a thing would not be tolerated in any other city. There are plenty of side streets that could be used for the purpose, and without detriment to business. Trusting that those in authority will remedy this nuisance, and thanking you for your space.

A BUSINESS MAN.

The best way to avoid scalp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness is to use the best preventive known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

The best fruit kettles, at Cheapside.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Bank Exchange Dining Parlors, The coolest and cosiest place in town. Ice Cream.

A Bright Lad,

Ten years of age, but who declines to give his name to the public, makes this authorized, confidential statement to us:

"When I was one year old, my mamma died of consumption. The doctor said that I, too, would soon die, and all our neighbors thought that even if I did not die, I would never be able to walk, because I was so weak and puny. A gathering formed and broke under my arm. I hurt my finger and it gathered and threw out pieces of bone. If I hurt myself so as to break the skin, it was sure to become a running sore. I had to take lots of medicine, but nothing has done me so much good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It has made me well and strong."—T. D. M., Norcatur, Kans.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—At 81 Johnson street, cast off clothing, boots and shoes. jy31-1m

WANTED—About 10 acres of land not more than 10 miles from Victoria; must be cleared, fertile and cheap. Apply P. O. Box 24. jy31-4t

THE undersigned, leaving for England in a few days on a visit to Birmingham, Stourbridge, Kidderminster and immediate neighborhoods, would undertake a few commissions. James H. Field, 817 Hornby street, Vancouver, B.C. jy12

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A rare chance for an energetic man; retail grocery business, situated cor. Fort and Blanchard Sts.; reason for selling, lack of experience in grocery business; terms, one-half cash, balance approved paper. Apply on premises. G.M. jy29-6t

FOR SALE—50 acres adjoining the townsite of Duluth. Address P.O. Box 378 jy29-6t

FOR SALE—In Vancouver—A milk route, with teams, cows and sundries; owner going away September 1; this is one of the best routes in the city and offers a splendid opportunity for any man with a small amount of money, to make more than a living. Apply at once, Dairy, Box 609, Vancouver, B.C. jy25

FOR SALE—On easy terms, eight-room house on Chatham street, with bath room, marble wash-basin, etc. Apply Flint & Prossor, 18 Broad street. jy18 1m

FOR SALE—Lots averaging 60x120, in Section 26, Esquimalt. They have a frontage on London, Liverpool, Aberdeen and Glasgow streets and Admiral's road (streets are sixty and sixty-six feet wide) and have a frontage of about 1300 feet on the best part of Esquimalt harbor. The property is centrally situated between the Fortifications, the Esquimalt marine railway, the Esquimalt railway station and intended coal bunkers, and in view of the bright prospects of the British Pacific railway it is the very best property on the market; also adjoining the undivided half of Sur. Lot 50, containing in all about 13 acres. This property has a splendid frontage on Esquimalt harbor and Admiral's road, and about two minutes' walk from tram car line; good sidewalks and water. Apply Lowerberg, Larris & Co., Government street, or to owner, J. J. Russell, Brunswick Hotel. P.O. address, Box 302. jy10

TO LET OR LEASE.

FURNISHED room to let at No. 155 Yates street. au2-2t

TO LET—Two-storey house, 8 rooms, corner Rendall and Niagara street; rent reduced to $15 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

TO LET—Two-storey house, 5 rooms, on Frances avenue, where Douglas street car passes; rent reduced to $6 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

TO LET—Rooms, with board, near the sea; pleasantly situated. Apply Box 397, city. jy10-1m

TO LET OR LEASE—American Hotel, with 20 rooms and saloon license; bar and bar fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue, or Burnes House. ja5-tf

FURNISHED rooms with or without board. Meals if desired. Permanent boarders $6 per week. Douglas House, 5 Gordon St. Jun 10 6t

TO LET—Nine-roomed house, Superior street, James Bay; $18; water paid. Two 5-roomed houses, John street, $10; water paid. Two houses, Chatham street, $14 and $12.50 (respectively). Ten-roomed house; hot and cold water; 2 lots; Garbally Road; $20. Six-roomed house, Douglas street, $8. Two cottages, Pandora street, $10, water paid. Eight-roomed house, bath, Johnson street, $15.

BARGAINS FOR SALE—Six-roomed cottage, bath, etc., Fernwood road; price $1,400; terms, $50 cash, balance monthly payments at 4 per cent.

Thirteen acres within easy drive of city, good land, on main road, good spring, nearly all cleared and slashed; will be sold cheap.

Swinerton & Oddy, Accountants, Auditors and Notaries Public, Government St.

— GREAT REDUCTIONS. —

Waltham Watch Co., P. S. Bartlett, (stem wind)	$ 8 00
Appleton, Tracy & Co (all new movements)	15 00
Low grades from	4 00
Elgin Watch Co., B. W. Raymond	15 00

SPECIAL—CLOCKS.

Eight-Day Cathedral Gong, striking hours and half hours, $7.50.

S. A. STODDART,

Practical Watch-maker. 68½ Yates Street. ap4

A CONSIGNMENT of potatoes at $18 per ton; also oats; must be sold within two days. Hartman & Co., Produce Commission Merchants, City Market. au2-1t

NOTICE—We will not be responsible for goods ordered by L. A. Bostein on account of the Victoria Feed and Produce Co. Thomas Tugwell, manager. au2 3t

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal on land containing about 600 acres, in Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands, and described as Section 10, Township 10. JNO. IRVING.
Victoria, July 30, 1894. jy31

WHAT DO YOU WANT? You can get it by advertising in THE COLONIST, and it will no cost you much.

Masterpieces from The Art Galleries Of the World. . .

CONTENTS OF

PART X.

The Murder of Cæsar.
Mortified.
Lost in Sorrow.
The Little Patient.
May Fete.
Listening to the Fairies, [The Celebrated Picture by C. V. Bodenhausen.
The Little Mother.
The Wine Taster.
The Oasis.
Cupid at the Helm.
A Mother's Resignation.
The Village Pasture.
The Health of the Bride.
Betrothed.
Singing the Praise of the Bride.

Secure this Folio in time, as only a limited number are on hand, and it is not intended to renew the supply.

"HYDE FARM"

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT

IS A MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY, containing 484 acres, suitable for mixed farming. A large portion of the Farm has formerly been cropped. There are large portions of it that are suitable for Grazing and Dairying Purposes. Now that Hops are likely to become one of B. C.'s profitable crops, a couple of hundred acres of Hyde Farm could be utilized for this purpose. The Farm is supplied with an abundance of water the year round, and water for power can be secured from the falls of the Koksilah River, which stream is the boundary line of the property on one side. Brick Clay, Lime Rock and Bog Iron Ore exist on the Farm, with the prospect of Coal also being discovered. There is plenty of Timber for all purposes, some of it of a merchantable character.

"HYDE FARM"

Is a short distance from the E. & N. Railway Line at either end of the property, and the Victoria and Nanaimo Wagon Road passes through it, therefore it is specially well located for shipping purposes. Excellent Shooting and Fishing is to be had on the property and in the Koksilah River. Deer, Grouse, Duck and Geese abound. In fact Hyde Farm is well located for all practical and pleasureable purposes, and is a chance not often met with for a man of moderate means to secure a small estate, which is sure to become extremely valuable, as the development of the Island progresses. In the meantime its utilization for Mixed Farming or Cattle Raising Purposes would bring in a fair income.

For further particulars, or
For Price and Terms, address
"HYDE FARM," Colonist Office.

GINGER ALE

THORPE & CO.,
(LIMITED.)

Mineral Waters.

Tel. 435. P.O. Box 175.
ap24-9mo

THE

NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION

LIMITED.

OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

CAPITAL STOCK: $150,000.

Incorporated to Promote Art.

This Company will distribute among its subscribers, on the

31st Day of July, 1894,

3432 Works of Art, aggregating in value $65,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance. **The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at $18,750.** Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St John, N.B. Price $1.00 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets, will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N.A.; William H. Shelton and others.

Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank cheque or draft to

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd.
ST. JOHN, N.B.

Circulars and full information mailed free.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. jy25

PREPARE FOR SPRING

By leaving your orders for Additions, Alterations, Repairs, Store and Office Fittings, or any Carpenter Work with

J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder
10 Broughton Street.

NOTICES.

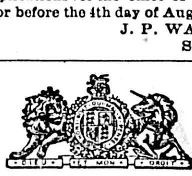
NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works, a plan and description of a wharf, proposed to be erected by me in Constance Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, abutting on part of Section 26, Esquimalt District, and have deposited a duplicate of each in the Land Registry Office, in the City of Victoria, and that I have applied to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof.
Dated 19th July, 1894.
JOHN JOSHUA RUSSELL,
jy21-1m Victoria, B.C.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Board at its next sitting for a transfer to Lionel Dickinson, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Standard Saloon, situate on the southeast corner of Pandora and Douglas streets, in the City of Victoria.
Dated this 30th day of June, A.D. 1894.
jy7-1m WM. FIELD

NOTICE

The Law Society of British Columbia will receive applications for the office of Law Reporter on or before the 4th day of August, 1894.
J. P. WALLS,
jy11 Secretary.



"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honou the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance," from the 1st day of April, 1894, until the 1st day of April, 1895.
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
29th March, 1894. fe10-td

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 13th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the premises of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.
Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria. B.C.,
March 16th. 1894. mr17

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director & Embalmer
62 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
★★
The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Proceedings at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Institution Held in London.

A Very Satisfactory Report Presented —High Compliments for the Directors.

(From the Financier, London, July 12.)

An ordinary general meeting of this bank was held yesterday at the City Terminus hotel, Cannon street, under the presidency of Sir Robert Gillespie (the chairman).

The Secretary and Manager (Mr. S. Cameron Alexander) having read the notice convening the meeting,

The Chairman said: Gentlemen, you are doubtless aware that at this meeting—our meeting in July—we do not present to you either a report or statement of accounts, for this very good reason that we have not received the accounts from the branches. So soon as they are to hand and are put into shape and audited, they will, as usual, be sent round to every shareholder. In the meantime our object in meeting you to-day is to declare a dividend for the half-year ending June 30, and we are enabled to arrive at that decision because we have received telegraphic information as to the result of the half-year; and while, gentlemen, you will doubtless be prepared for me to state that the profits which have been made are not as large as they have been for the last few years, yet I believe you will concur with me in stating and feeling that, under the peculiar and harassing circumstances of the past half-year, it is satisfactory that we are able to maintain the usual dividend at this time of year, and the bonus, and to carry forward a considerable sum of money for next half-year. (Applause.) We do not propose to devote to the reserve fund any portion of the balance that we carry forward, but we hold it in abeyance to see what we can do at the end of the present year. I think, gentlemen, the figures, as I said before, will be satisfactory to you, when you consider the peculiarly depressing circumstances of trade, and more particularly of banking interests, in the great continent of America. I, gentlemen—and I hope you will not think me very egotistical when I say this—have been connected with Canada and the American trade for a number of years—I can look back to nearly sixty years gentlemen—and I never remember any such depression as that which we have gone through, or even anything approaching it; and I think that that being borne in mind we may well be satisfied with the result of this half year, which I will now lay before you. The profit which we have in hand applicable to a dividend is £31,020, 18s. 2d., and the dividend, which is equivalent to 4 per cent. for the half-year, absorbs £24,000, leaving a balance of £7,020 18s. 2d. to be carried forward. Well, gentlemen, the condition which I have referred to has necessarily involved very great anxiety to us, unusually positive instructions to carry out a certain system, and also the working of our business upon a very conservative line, and I think it is only due to our officers, with one or two exceptions—I will put that in a parenthesis—to say that they have loyally and very properly carried out the wishes and instructions of the court, and had it not been for that, and had we not contracted our business and increased our reserves very largely, our position might have been very different to what it is to-day. I hope, gentlemen, you will feel and sympathise with us for the very anxious times we have passed through, and that you will regard it as a successful issue that we have arrived at. I am sorry to read day by day in the newspapers that there is such a disturbance and such a disturbing element existing in the United States of America. What will be the result of the present condition of things it is difficult for me to say, but although we must not speak politics here, I must say, thank God that we are not a democracy. (Hear, hear.) But let us hope that with a firm hand these troubles will be overcome, that the people will settle down again, and that there will be no conflict between labor and capital, which is the destruction of commerce. Then I think we shall see a revival in trade and a better feeling, and less want of confidence existing throughout the great continent of America. This disturbed state of things has most seriously affected Canada. While I say that, gentlemen, let me also express my pride and my pleasure that Canada has gone through this trial so triumphantly that her banks have all stood firm and that her securities at the present time, I believe, stand the highest in the market. (Hear, hear.) With these observations I will ask you to allow me to propose the following resolution, promising, first of all, that I shall be most happy, to the best of my ability, to reply to any questions shareholders may like to put to me. The resolution is: "That a dividend be paid on the paid up capital of the bank at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and bonus of 1 per cent., free of income tax, for the half-year ended June 30 last, payable on or after the 14th inst." I have forgotten one point which may interest you, and that is with regard to floods. These floods have undoubtedly been very serious, but the effect of them, and the damage done, have been greatly exaggerated. To give you some idea, however, of what the floods have been, I may tell you that in our branch at Portland, on the ground floor, the men were up to their waists in water; the counters were covered with three or four inches of water, and we were obliged to vacate the premises; but by a letter received this morning I am glad to say that the flood has subsided more quickly than was anticipated, and that in the course of a short time they expect to be in the premises again.

Mr. James Anderson seconded the resolution, which was at once put and carried unanimously.

Mr. H. J. Gardiner moved that a hearty vote of thanks be accorded to the chairman and directors of the bank for their care in conducting the business during the last half year. It was not often that he attended these meetings, but he was bound to say he very much appreciated the cautious policy which had been adopted over a series of years, and he wished, as an individual proprietor, to express a hope that the directors would continue on the same lines in the future, namely, of strengthening the reserves and carrying out a cautious policy, which had given such security to the bank. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Henry Wark, in seconding the resolution, said he had lived in British Columbia nearly all his life and knew a great deal about the bank officials in that part of the world, and he was able to say that this bank's business could not be in better hands than those who had the management of affairs there. It was true that there had been great floods there, which had resulted in considerable damage, but he did not think those floods would affect this bank very much. The shareholders had great reason to tender their united thanks to the chairman for the statement he had made and to the directors for their able conduct of the business. (Hear, hear.)

The vote was accorded with acclamation.

The Chairman, in reply, said: I am sure we all appreciate very greatly the remarks of the honorable shareholders who have just spoken. I, on behalf of the directors, accept the thanks of the meeting with a great deal of pleasure, and I may say we feel it a compliment to have your confidence. We do all we can to advance the interests of the bank, and I hope that, with health and strength, I may be able to continue for some few more years to give my best attention, solicitude, and care to the interests of the bank. (Hear, hear.) I am only echoing the sentiments of my colleagues, I am sure, when I thank you all greatly.

The proceedings then terminated.

EXPORTS TO THE STATES.

What Was Shipped to the United States From Vancouver Island Last Year.

The annual report of the U. S. Consul at Victoria shows that for the fiscal year ended June 30 the amount of exports to the United States from Vancouver Island was as follows:

Animals	$ 1,239 50
Apples	402 50
Bananas	5,928 92
Bones	698 69
Cigars	118 00
Coal	2,039,158 27
Coal Oil	605 00
Cocoanuts	179 00
Dry Goods	480 43
Fish	17,521 00
Furs, Skins and Hides	100,910 48
Gold bearing quartz, dust, nuggets, etc.	307,958 35
Guns	598 00
Inpian Curios	109 50
Liquors	7,074 90
Lumber	432 50
Mid-Winter Fair goods	512 50
Miscellaneous	1,689 75
Oat Bran	476 95
Ore	75 00
Retail American goods	28,274 61
Rice	3,717 50
Stone	963 26
Sugar	752 50
Tar	102 50
Tea	773 00
Tobacco	1,280 64
Total	$2,519,010 58

STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

Considerable Irregularity—Market Closing a Trifle Firmer.

NEW YORK, Aug 2.—The stock market was firm in the early trading on account of more encouraging reports from the corn belt which were not borne out by late advices from that section. In addition, London was more "bully" on American securities and bought moderately of its favorities. Foreigners, according to private advices, were impressed with the idea that an early settlement of the tariff question was close at hand. The market subsequently dropped back into dullness, which has been its chief characteristic of late. The tariff question, good exports and the alleged damage to the corn crop were the main topics of division. So far as the tariff is concerned advices from Washington were of a conflicting nature. This reflected in American sugar. This weakness at the close was due to the selling of a block of 5,000 shares by a broker, who held an order to sell regardless of prices, at least it so appeared to other brokers in the sugar crowd. At the close there was a slight recovery and the market left off irregular. The net changes show losses of ½ to 2¼ per cent. The total sales were 118,323 shares. Closing bids Atchison, 3⅞; Burlington & Quincy, 71⅝; Canada Southern, 48; Canadian Pacific, 63¼; Central Pacific, 11⅛; Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis, 34; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 162; Erie, 13½; Wells Fargo Express, 113; Great Northern, preferred, 99½; Lake Shore, 128¼. Louisville & Nashville, 46⅝; New York Central, 96⅞; New York & New England, preferred, 13¼; North American, 2⅞; Northern Pacific, 3½; Northern Pacific, preferred, 13¼; Northwestern, 102½; Oregon Navigation, 15; Oregon Improvement, 11⅞; Pacific Mail, 14½; Reading, 16⅞; Rock Island, 63½; St. Paul, 57⅜; Texas Pacific, 8¼; Union Pacific, 7⅝; Western Union, 84⅝; bar silver, 62⅜c.

Free Art Galleries.

The Society of Arts of Canada, Ltd., is an institution founded to create a more general interest in art. The Society has large galleries in Montreal and Toronto as well as Free Art Schools in both these cities. They have about 150 artist members, and 60 of these are exhibitors at the Paris Salon. The paintings in these galleries are sold at artists' prices, and the Society also holds a drawing weekly in which the public may take part on payment of 25 cents. Canada is too young a country to rely entirely upon sales of good paintings, and hence the privilege is given to the Society to hold distributions. If a painting is not drawn the sender has the satisfaction of knowing that the 25 cents will assist in maintaining the free galleries and free school. Scripholders are entitled to purchase the paintings of the Society at 5 per cent reduction. A postal card sent to Mr. F. E. Galbraith, 108 King street west, Toronto, will send you all information.

Boys' kid and dogskin gloves. A large assortment at Reid's, 122 Gov't. street.

New Books.

Under the Red Robe.....75c.
The Women's Conquest of New York.....25c.
Van Bibber and Others.....50c.
Other Worlds Than Ours, Proctor.....75c.
Outlaw and Lawmaker, Mrs. Campbell Praed.....50c.
Princess of Alaska.....50c.
For sale by Hibben & Co.

A Business Finder.

MOSSBACK—How do you find business?
MERCHANT—Advertise for it, of course.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have No Other.

MANUFACTURED BY
Red Crown Roller Mills,
ALBANY, OREGON. aul

NOTICE.

Government Street, between Queen's Avenue and Bay Street, will be closed till further notice By order.

(Signed) E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

May 28, 1894 my29-tf

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head (more of less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., etc., (about 60 or more to calve this spring), 1 pedigree Hereford Bull (rising 3 years.

7 Mares (in foal to a good stallion), 1 Horse, Pigs, Chickens, etc.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm land is very limited, and from this it may be fairly asserted that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Gattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are in good order, and farming operations can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea level; the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

The Title is by grant from the Crown, and is free of all encumbrances. Immediate possession can be given.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate distance, and two railway lines have been run to pass close to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines this winter, is destined in the next year or two to become one of the richest and most important mineral centres in the world. Statistics show, that although the district is in its primary stage, the mines have developed ore veins rich enough to warrant the investment of over million dollars. When these mines come to be worked systematically, there will be an

Influx of Population, which will require beef and farm produce in large quantities. The limited quantity of really good farm land in the district to supply these requirements makes this

A BONANZA!

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.
Price entrance on Pandora Street. oc18

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's System, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Apply C.D.S., 62 John St., Rock Bay. au14

MATERNITY (late Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fel0

NOTICE.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, under and by virtue of the "Supreme Court Act," has been pleased to order that the Long Vacation to be observed in the Supreme Court shall commence on the 13th day of August, 1894, and end on the 13th day of October, 1894, and further that Rule 736 of the "Supreme Court Rules, 1890," in so far as it conflicts with this Order be suspended.

By command.
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
28th July, 1894. jy31-1w

NOTICE.

The attention of parties interested is hereby drawn to sections 3 and 5 of the "Consolidated Thistle By-law," which read as follows, viz.:

"Sec. 3.—Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land, before such thistles shall have gone to seed or come to flower."

"Sec. 5.—Every person convicted of an infraction of this By-law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars."

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., July 9th, 1894. jy10

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

LIMITED LIABILITY.
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER AND KAMLOOPS.

Builders' Hardware.
Locks, Hinges, Nails, Sash Weights, Cord Fasteners, Lifts, Pulls, Hooks, Bolts, Brackets, etc.

Loggers' Supplies.
Double and Single Bitted Axes, Cross Cut and Felling Saws, Cant Hooks, Peavies, Ox Bows, Goad Sticks, Log Rules, Boot Caulks, Chains, etc.

Mechanics' Tools.
All kinds of Blacksmiths' and Carpenters'.

Wagons.
Team, Farm and Spring Wagons.

Carts.
Dump, Road and Speeding Carts.

Carriages.
Buggies, Surreys, Gladstones, Kensingtons and Phaetons.

Farm Machinery and Implements.
Binders, Mowers, Rakes, Plows, Harrows, Seed Drills, Cultivators, Forks, Spades, Hoes, etc., etc.

Pumps.
In great variety, including SPRAYING OUTFITS FOR ORCHARDS.

Pipe.
Water and Gas (galvanized and black), Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods.

Iron and Steel.
Plates, Bars and Hoops.

ALL AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE OR SEE OUR GOODS BEFORE PURCHASING.
mr1-ap1

CARIBOO
NECHACO. QUESNELLE

JAMES REID,

QUESNELLE MOUTH,

A full stock of CROCERIES, consisting in part, of the best brands of Flour, Bacon and Beans. Also Mining Outfits, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Dressed and Rough Lumber, Shingles, etc. mr11-6m-d&

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

City of Puebla - - - Aug. 6

R. P. RITHET & CO.
Agents.
mch26

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 23
Takes effect June 23, 1894.

Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday at 15.30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Sidney—Wednesday, at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 15.30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, Oct. 31st, 1893.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

SHIP "CITY OF GLASGOW" from Cardiff.

Neither Capt. Morrison nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.,
Agents.
jy29-6t

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1894.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
BY
THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable *strictly in advance.*

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

Bring Three Coupons and 10 cents.

PORTFOLIO No. 10.

NAME.....

P.O.....

Masterpieces from the Art Galleries of the World.

If by mail, Three Coupons and 12 cents.

THE OFFAL DISCUSSION.

The question of the disposal of the offal of the canneries of the Fraser river is being again discussed. The canners believe that the regulation which compels them to dump the offal in the gulf at the mouth of the river is not only unreasonable but positively injurious to the salmon fishery. The regulation, as Mr. D. J. Munn said a few days ago, "cannot be complied with in any other way than by shutting down the industry."

It is singular that the Government should insist upon a regulation which the great majority of those engaged in the fisheries consider altogether unnecessary. When the immense volume of the Fraser is compared with the comparatively small quantity of offal thrown into it during the season, it can readily be seen that it is impossible for it to contaminate the water to any considerable extent. The current is swift, and the garbage which is not eaten by the shoals of scavenger fish that are lying in wait for it is conveyed by the current gradually and continuously to deep water, without doing harm either to the fish that are coming up the river or to the inhabitants of the valley between the canneries and the sea. The current, in fact, does much the same work as the scows that are used to carry the garbage out to deep water, but it does it much more effectively. That the great majority of those engaged in the business are convinced that allowing the offal to float away directly from the canneries has not had a bad effect on the fisheries, is a fact which ought to have weight with the authorities of the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

It is said that the canners are selfish and greedy, and that rather than incur a small annual expense they keep on doing what is most injurious to their own business. Those who are acquainted with the canners will not assert that they are too stupid to have an enlightened regard for their own interests. They are, as a class, intelligent as well as enterprising men, and are always ready to adopt any measure that is really calculated to preserve the salmon, but they do resent meddlesome interference which effects no good object but which hampers them in their operations and puts them to unnecessary expense.

It will we think be admitted that the late Chief Justice of the Province, Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie, was a man of high intelligence. He was one of the old-timers and had ample opportunities of observing the progress of the Fraser River salmon fishery since its commencement. It will also be admitted that he was in this matter perfectly disinterested. This venerable gentleman, in a conversation with the writer, ridiculed the idea of the offal thrown into the river being in any way injurious to the salmon. No canner on the Fraser could have expressed himself more strongly on the subject than did Sir Matthew. He was but one of many hundred whose observations led them to the same conclusions.

It is most unfortunate that the salmon fishery of British Columbia, which is of the very greatest importance to the province, should be regulated by officials whose acquaintance with the fishery is necessarily limited. The Head of the Department has never been in British Columbia during the fishing season, and the official on whom he must necessarily depend for information did not gain much knowledge of the fishery by personal observation, and he certainly did not evince a disposition to receive information from those in the province who are best qualified to impart it. It was only too evident that he came into the province with certain preconceived ideas with respect to the habits of the salmon and to the way in which the fishery should be conducted, and that he was most unwilling to hear or to attach weight to testimony that differed in any way from those preconceived opinions. It was very evident to all who witnessed the proceedings of the Commission that whatever Mr. Wilmot's talents may be he does not possess a mind that is in any degree receptive and it did not require anyone to be possessed of the gift of prophesy to predict that his report would be simply a record of foregone conclusions. He was not the kind of man in whose hands the regulation of an industry in which upwards of two millions of capital is invested, and on the successful prosecution of which the prosperity of this Province in a very great measure depends, should be placed.

It is clearly the interest of the Dominion Government to do all in its power to encourage and to foster this industry. It is unhappily the opinion of very many engaged in the fishery and more or less directly interested in it, that it has progressed not so much because of the aid which has been given it by the Dominion Government as in spite of the obstacles which that Government has placed in its way. It is unfortunate that such an opinion should exist, and it is evident that some measure should be taken to convince the canners that they have a sincere and an enlightened friend in the Minister of Marine and Fisheries. We feel quite satisfied that if the condition of the fishery were inquired into by persons acquainted with the circumstances of the country and who entered the work with unprejudiced minds, regulations would not be framed for it to which in the opinion of experienced men it would be impossible honestly to conform.

A DIFFICULT QUESTION.

The establishment of canneries at Point Roberts promises to be most detrimental to the salmon fishery of the Fraser river. The regulations under which those canneries are worked are very different indeed from those with which the Fraser river fishermen must conform. The fishing ground of the Point Roberts establishments is directly in the route taken by the salmon on their way to the river. American fishermen are allowed to use traps in which salmon of all sizes are caught. The canners of Point Roberts and Blaine already have in operation seventeen of these traps. They are set so as to intercept the salmon in their journey to the river. The injury which they are certain to do, if continued, to the fishery of the Fraser river is simply incalculable. Then the British fishermen are obliged to keep the river free of nets for thirty-six hours in each week. The Americans can fish continuously, Sundays and week days, without a break during the season. It is by such destructive apparatus as traps and by such continuous fishing that the salmon rivers of the American part of the Pacific Coast have been made unproductive, and the same results will be sure to follow if a stop is not put to the use of improvident practices at the mouth of the Fraser.

The question is, no doubt, a difficult one. American citizens, whose establishments are on their own soil and who fish in their own territorial waters, cannot be forced to adopt British regulations no matter how necessary they may be for the preservation of the fish. But it is surely not impossible in view of the deplorable results which wasteful fishing has produced in American waters to persuade the United States authorities to adopt more economical methods at Point Roberts. It is as much to the interest of the American canners as it is to those operating on British soil to preserve the salmon from destruction. It would, we think, not be impossible to convince Americans of this, and to induce them, if not to adopt the British regulations, at least to use methods less destructive than those which are now employed at the mouth of the Fraser. It is surely not impossible to make a neighborly arrangement which would be advantageous to the fishermen of both nations.

THE JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

It is very evident that if the Jubilee Hospital is to be kept up and to be of the greatest possible use to the Province and the City some change must be made in its management. It will never do for the institution to run in debt again. If it does so it will not find it so easy to get out of its difficulties as it did a month or two ago. It cannot expect the city to come to its rescue a second time. Besides, if we read the amendment made to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Act last winter aright, its directorate is under a moral, if not a legal, obligation not to run deeply into debt. We find by that amending act that "it has been agreed that the said Board of Directors shall not have the power of mortgaging the property of the corporation in the future." The difference between running an institution deeply in debt and mortgaging it is one of name rather than reality. At any rate it is safe for the directors to act as if the obligation not to mortgage included an obligation not to embarrass by debt.

If the Directors make up their minds to act upon the homely maxim "cut your coat according to your cloth" they will do well. It is all right to have large ideas, but before a man or a directorate entertains large ideas he or it should make sure that the means to carry them out are available.

It should not, we think be very hard to estimate with a tolerable degree of accuracy what the revenue of the hospital is for the future likely to be. The sources of income are not so many that it will be impossible from the experience of the past to tell pretty nearly what they will yield. Having done this the prudent course would be to manage the hospital's affairs so that the expenses of each year would not exceed the income. This might make economies which it is unpleasant to contemplate necessary but in the difficult but indispensable process of making both ends meet this has to be done by institutions as well as individuals. And the ends must be made to meet if the hospital is to be kept up.

It is clear that the city will have to contribute more to the Hospital every year than it has hitherto done. The great majority of its free patients have been from the city. It is right that the citizens should be able to avail themselves of hospital accommodation and hospital treatment, but it is also right that the city should bear its fair share towards the maintenance of the Hospital. If the Jubilee Hospital was not at hand, equipped and in good working order, the city would have to build and maintain a hospital of its own at at expense many times greater than it will have to pay even if its annual contribution is as large as the most sanguine friends of the Hospital expect or desire. Liberality in this direction will be of great advantage to the citizens, while it will not increase the burden of the taxpayers to any appreciable extent. The Hospital must be maintained in an effective condition. It would be a deep disgrace to the Province if it were allowed to languish and go down for want of reasonable support.

Let the City and the Province do what they may, private benevolence will always find that the Hospital will need its aid. There are, we are glad to know, always in every community kind-hearted souls who feel it a privilege to be able to help the sick who are not able to supply themselves with the comforts and the luxuries which their condition requires. The Directors of the Hospital will find these charitable people ready to respond to reasonable appeals, and they should not slacken in their efforts to get what help they can from them. They will need every dollar that they can get from every source in order to be able, even with the most judicious economy, to live up to their determination to keep out of debt.

Home and Abroad

It is the duty of everyone, whether at home or travelling for pleasure or business, to equip himself with the remedy which will keep up strength and prevent illness, and cure such ills as are liable to come upon all in every day life. Hood's Sarsaparilla keeps the blood pure and less liable to absorb the germs of disease.

Hood's Pills are hand made, and perfect in proportion and appearance. 25 cents a box.

Drink Victoria Phœnix Lager Beer.

The Bank Exchange.

Luncheon will be served as usual, and this evening at 15 cents.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

(Tasteless—Effectual.)

FOR ALL

BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS.

Such as Sick Headache, Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, All Nervous and Trembling Sensations, and Irregularities Incidental to Ladies.

Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating.

Wholesale Agts, Evans & Sons, Ld, Montreal.

For sale by all druggists. 117

If this Should Meet the Eye

of any person requiring LUMBER, call at the — — — —

Rock Bay Lumber Yard,

For cash prices. You will SAVE MONEY by so doing. — —

EWEN MORRISON, Proprietor. fe10

FOR RENT.

A 9-roomed house within five minutes walk of the postoffice; all modern conveniences; only $18.00 per month.

Seven-roomed house on the car line; very good location; within five minutes walk of the postoffice; only $16.00 per month

House, ten rooms; near the park; only $16.00 per month.

House and two acres of land on the Esquimalt road; land all cleared; $15.00 per month.

Six-room cottage, centrally located, in first-class condition; $15 per month.

Nine-room cottage; hot and cold water; thoroughly first class; very low rent; $20 per month.

Large house, well furnished; James Bay; with over an acre improved grounds; hot and cold water; $35 per month.

Beautiful country residence, standing in its own improved grounds, 5 acres; 10 rooms; furnished throughout; low rent.

Saanich Inlet—To sell or rent—Six-room house and 75 acres good hop land; good bathing and fishing in the midst of beautiful scenery; 11 miles from postoffice.

House, 8 rooms, and 5 acres land Langford avenue $15 per month.

New house, 6 rooms, bath room, $14; water, small orchard, etc. Close to Douglas street car line.

A BARGAIN—Gorge—To sell or rent—Nine-room house with 22 acres land, or separately.

COLTART & JENNS, BROKERS. je20

FOR THE TEETH & BREATH.

J. TEABERRY'S

PRICE 25¢

ZOPESA CHEMICAL CO. TORONTO.

VICTORIA ARM.

FOR SALE—One of the finest sites on the Arm. Deep water frontage and running back to Gorge Road. Contains one and one-eighth acres, seven-roomed house, stables, etc. City water laid on. Twenty minutes' walk from tram car. Will be sold cheap. Apply to SWINERTON & ODDY, corner Gormment and Yates streets, or FLINT & PROSSER, Broad street. je5

MISCELLANEOUS.

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises. Chilblains, Bunions,

Cracks between the Toes,

Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores,

Inflammation of all kinds,

Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions,

Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

CHEAPSIDE.

HOUSEKEEPERS CAN GET

FRUIT KETTLES,
FRUIT JARS,
JELLY GLASSES,
RUBBER RINGS (For Bottles, Etc.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

GEO. POWELL & CO.

CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

THE FRUIT SEASON HERE

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

LIMITED.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
PAINTS AND OILS.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA

SUGAR · REFINERY.

PRICE LIST.

Granulated, in Bbls, or 100 lb. Bags	4½c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality	3⅞ to 4¼c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls, or 100 lb. Bags	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls	6c. "

(APPLICABLE TO LOTS OF 5 BARRELS OR EQUAL.)

Payment by spot cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.
Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.
Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B.C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE

Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

GENTLEMEN.—Was troubled with Rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure.

A. McNEILL,
New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

DEAR SIRS.—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvellous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days.

GEORGE SCHMIDT,
Steitz' Restaurant.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists.

GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street

DEAN & CRYDERMAN
SOLE AGENTS,
Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sumas Reclamation Works, Contract No. 1.

SEALED proposals will be received by the board of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners at the office of the clerk of said board, Sumas, B.C., until 12 o'clock noon of Thursday, the 2nd day of August, 1894, for the whole of the following works required in the construction of a system of land reclamation and drainage works:

The construction of Levee, Embankments, and Minor Works connected therewith; the diversion and straightening of certain sloughs; the closing of Sumas river by an earthwork dam; the construction of a rock tunnel through a spur of Sumas mountain; the furnishing and erecting of gates at said tunnel.

All proposals must be made on the printed form of tender, attached to the bill of quantities, and be addressed to G. W. Chadsey, Esquire, clerk of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners, Sumas, B.C., and the envelopes enclosing them shall be legibly marked on the outside upper left hand corner tender for works. The proposals will be opened and canvassed by the Commissioners at the above stated hour and place.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a cash deposit or certified check, payable to the order of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners, for an amount equal to 5 per cent. of the total amount of the tender, the said deposits being made as a guarantee of good faith that the party making the proposal will, if the contract is awarded to him or them, execute the same with approved security within one week of the date of said award, immediately after which the sum so deposited will be returned to the successful tenderer and also to the parties whose tenders are not accepted.

Should the party to whom the contract is awarded fail to execute the contract with approved security within one week of the date of said award, the amount deposited by the said party shall be forfeited to the said Commissioners, and at the expiration of one week after the date of the award, the said Commissioners shall be free to make other arrangements for the performance of the works.

Parties tendering shall write legibly on form of tender, immediately above their signatures, the character of the earthwork to be furnished by them, that is to say, whether the earthwork will be performed by them by means of wheelbarrows, carts, wagons, cars or dredgers, or by a combination of same.

The same party is at liberty to forward two proposals, one based on the employment of dredgers.

Specifications and drawings may be seen on and after the 5th day of July, 1894, at the office of the clerk of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners, Sumas, B.C., or at the office of Messrs. Keefer & Smith, engineers of the works, Five Sisters Block, Victoria, B.C.

Copies of the specification will be furnished by either of the above offices on payment of $5.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

G. W. CHADSEY,
Clerk Sumas Dyking Commissioners.
Office of the Sumas Dyking Commissioners
Sumas, B.C., July 2, 1894.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the time for receiving tenders has been extended to noon on Tuesday, 14th August, 1894.

By Order.
G. W. CHADSEY,
Clerk Sumas Dyking Commission.
Sumas, B.C. jy6 td

LAKESIDE HOTEL

PRICE & JAYNES, PROPRIETORS.

COWICHAN LAKE

Is a most picturesque sheet of water, and unsurpassed on the Island for

FLY FISHING.

Pure water, healthy atmosphere and magnificent scenery.

Stage leaves Duncan Station Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. my13-6m

NEW BUTCHER SHOP.

W. B. POTTINGER takes this opportunity of informing his numerous friends and the public that he has opened a butcher shop in Stall No. 18, City Market, where will always be found a good supply of the best beef, veal, mutton and pork, which will be sold at the lowest possible price for cash. jy

HARTMAN & CO.,
COMMISSION :: MERCHANTS,
11 and 12 New City Market,

Receivers of Grain, Hay, Mill Feed, Potatoes, Poultry, Eggs, Imported and Domestic Fruits, etc. Liberal advances made on consignments. Returns made weekly. Have you seen our Chop Feed, which cannot be excelled? je20-1m

EGYPTIAN

CIGARETTES

IN GREAT VARIETY

—JUST RECEIVED AT—

HARRY SALMON'S

LEADING TOBACCONIST.

Salmon Block, cor. Yates and Government Sts. ap15-1m

ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI

AIDS DIGESTION

—AND—

IMPROVES THE COMPLEXION.

Beware of Worthless Imitations.

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AUCTION SALES.

August 3—Furniture, etc. G. Byrnes.
August 3-4.—Consignment of Merchandise. H. Cuthbert & Co.
August 6—Hotel furniture. G. Byrnes.

THE CITY.

THE contract for supplying drugs to the Jubilee hospital for the ensuing year was yesterday awarded to Moore & Co.

NOTICE is given in the B.C. Gazette of yesterday that Wm. Porter has been elected councillor for Ward 2 Upper Sumas, vice S. G. Chapman resigned.

A PORTION of the new cold storage warehouses will be completed in ten days' time, when they will be in a position to handle quite an amount of business.

ARTHUR BUCKELDEE, the sneak thief captured a couple of days ago, was yesterday found guilty in the police court of stealing Walter Chapman's coat. He was sentenced to two months' hard labor.

NOTICE is given in the official Gazette that the long vacation for the Supreme court begins Aug. 13 and ends Oct. 13. The County courts of Westminster and Vancouver have vacation from Aug. 1. to Oct. 1.

IN accordance with the resolution passed at Tuesday night's city council meeting City Clerk Dowler is calling for tenders for the electric light machinery. Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on August 20.

THREE cases of neglect to keep premises in a cleanly condition were brought before the Police Magistrate yesterday. Yee Yick was fined $5 and costs, John Babchuck $10 and costs, while the third case, that of Nichola Beruccia, was remanded till to-day.

A FLAGPOLE for the gove nment grounds was recently purchased by the Provincial government from Thomas Harmon. The stick, which is Douglas fir, measures over 150 feet in length and is remarkably straight and of a uniform size. It was found floating in the straits some time ago. It has been dressed down and is ready for use.

TO PROVE that Victoria is not behind Metchosin in growing big gooseberries, some specimens of an English variety called Duster were sent in to the COLONIST yesterday, some of them measuring 3¼ inches and 3¾ inches in circumference. They were grown on Hillside avenue. Some magnificent samples were also sent in by Mr. Thomas Flewin, of South Park street.

JAMES MCMILLAN & Co., in their circular dated Minneapolis, July 24, remark that the receipts of furs grow lighter each month; deer and antelope skins are dull and wool substantially unchanged. The market is active for guiseng and seneca, prices being higher for the former and dull and slightly lower for the latter. No important changes are looked for in either in the immediate future.

IT is understood that according to present intentions the celebrated Coquitlam case will shortly be taken to the United States Court of Appeals. Mr. E. C. Hughes, of Seattle, who acted as counsel for the Victoria sealers in the case, was yesterday in the city and returned home on the City of Kingston last evening. While here he had several consultations on the matter of appeal with those concerned in the case.

BEFORE Mr. Justice Walkem, in Chambers yesterday, application was made on behalf of plaintiff in Pope v. City of Victoria to sign judgment. Summons dismissed with costs to defendants in any event. Messrs. Belyea & Gregory for plaintiff; Messrs. Eberts & Taylor for defendants. In Wilson v. Cowan application was made on behalf of defendant for leave to amend statement of defence. Amendment allowed subject to any costs necessarily incurred on plaintiff's behalf in amending his pleadings. Messrs. Belyea & Gregory for plaintiff; Messrs. Powell & Lampman for defendant.

THE Sir William Wallace Society's hall last evening was inadequate to comfortably accommodate all who attended the social given by the Daughters of England. In the absence of the district deputy of the society, Brother Plows presided as chairman, and after some singing gave a very cheering address in which the following programme was announced: Song, Bro. Plows; song, Bro. McPhee; recitation, Bro. Kettle; song, Sister Bowman; song, Bro. McPhee; song, Miss Bowman; and song, Miss Cæsar. The programme was interpersed with dancing and refreshments were served during the evening.

IT has been some time since the theatre going public of Victoria has missed, as most of them did, such a genuine pleasure as awaited them at the Victoria Theatre last night. Mrs. Potter and Mr. Bellew with a strong company presented the old time favorite "Camille." As Armand Duval, Mr. Bellew made excellent use of many opportunities to show what he is undoubtedly capable of—very brilliant and finished work. Mrs. Potter as Camille—passionate, loving, self-forgetting—grew in favor as the play progressed, and the audience fully appreciated her careful attention to detail. Several recalls and much hearty applause testified to the fact that the audience was thoroughly pleased.

THE appeal in Wolley v. Lowenberg, Harris & Co. came up for hearing yesterday before the Full court, Justices Crease, McCreight and Drake presiding. This is an appeal by defendants from the verdict of the jury at the trial before Mr. Justice Walkem in April last. The grounds of appeal are: The action being for misrepresentation by the defendants, concerning the character, credit and ability of one Hodge, inducing the plaintiff to give him credit and make the loan in question, is barred by Lord Tenterden's act because the misrepresentations were not proved to have been made in writing signed by defendants. 2. There w s no evidence of actionable deceit on the part of the defendants. 3. There was no evidence that defendants were agents for plaintiff in the transaction in question. 4. That it is not charged, nor is tnere any evidence, that the defendants were, as such agents or otherwise, liable to the plaintiff for negligence. 5. That there is no cause for action disclosed by the evidence or findings of the jury in respect of which the defendants are liable to the plaintiff. Hon. Theodore Davie, Q.C., and Mr. R. Cassidy for appellants, Mr. E. V. Bodwell for respondent. The argument was not finished when the court adjourned yesterday.

A FIRE drill of the Victoria fire department took place on Government street, between Cormorant and Fisguard streets, last evening. Box 14 was rung in at 7.30 o'clock, and was quickly responded to by the firemen.

THE MINISTER TO JAPAN.

Hon. P. Le Poer Trench Arrives in Victoria on His Way to His Headquarters in Tokio.

Great Britain's newly appointed minister to Japan, Hon. P. Le Poer Trench, arrived in Victoria last evening on his way to his post at Tokio. The new minister is well fitted by previous experience in diplomatic affairs in Japan to fill the difficult position to which he has been appointed at such a critical period. From 1883 to 1889 he was secretary of legation at Japan and for two years of that time was charge d' affaires when his chief was absent. He was subsequently promoted to be Secretary of Embassy at Berlin, and thence went last year as minister to Mexico. In June last on the death of Hon. Hugh Fraser, minister to the Mikado's court, the British Government appointed Hon. Mr. Trench to the position. Then when the war cloud rolled up between Japan and China he received word to proceed at once to his post. He started from the City of Mexico on Monday week, but the delays caused by the big railway strikes delayed him. He leaves Victoria by the Empress of India on Monday. Speaking of the trouble between China and Japan, Mr. Trench remarked last night that he really had nothing to say. "As far as I can at present see," he remarked, "the whole thing seems to have arisen from China objecting to reforms Japan wished to have carried out in Korea." Speaking from experience, he said that there always existed a great deal of bad feeling between China and Japan. It might be that by weight of numbers the Chinese could wear the Japanese out, but the latter were splendid fighters, well equipped and well armed. They had a regular force of 100,000 men that could be increased to double that number from the reserves and their fleet was wonderfully good. The troops were armed with a rifle invented by a Jap, and it was quite as good an arm as that used by European armies. As for the navy, the ironclads were well manned and armed, and a number of the vessels had been built for Japan by the great Armstrong works in England. "I sincerely trust," he said in concluding a short chat upon the prospects of the war, "that the fighting will be confined to Korea."

WESTMINSTER DISTRICT CROPS.

Fine Growing Weather Makes the Outlook Remarkably Cheering.

Mr. W. B. Townsend, of New Westminster, who was appointed by the Provincial government to look after the distribution of seed to the flooded out settlers in the Fraser valley, has been in town for the purpose of handing in his official report of the relief afforded. The report goes very fully into every detail of expenditure in regard to the relief extended by the government. Last week Mr. Townsend took a trip through Westminster district, and he says it is really surprising to see how well the crops are looking. Potatoes, from seed planted after the flood, are already in flower in Chilliwack riding, and grain there is already heading. This shows a phenomenal growth. All through Westminster district the crops have been growing finely, even on Nicomen island, where the water stayed longest. The people are hopeful and working away with energy getting their places in order again. A car load of wire ordered by the citizens' relief committee had arrived before Mr. Townsend left and been distributed among the farmers for fencing to protect their growing crops. Four or five weeks more of fine weather would give very satisfactory crop returns.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The Northern Pacific Steamship Company have not as yet received the customary advices relative to the sailing of their steamship Tacoma for Victoria from Yokohama on Saturday last. This is probably because the wires are being monopolized in the Orient for government purposes.

To-morrow H.M.S. Hyacinth will have another trial trip, her last being unsatisfactory inasmuch as the coal used was not sufficiently good to give her machinery a fair test. On the 14th instant she will sail for Honolulu.

The British bark Corryvrechan, 1,299 tons, Capt. Abbott, is ninety-eight days out from Cardiff with coal for the navy at Esquimalt.

The ship Rimac, now at Santos, Chili, is under charter to Findley, Durham & Brodie to load salmon here for the United Kingdom.

H.M.S. Royal Arthur entered dock at 7 o'clock last evening, and to-day her repairs, which are very slight, will be commenced.

H.M.S. Satellite is daily expected from Coquimbo en route from England.

R.M.S. Empress of India sails for China and Japan on Monday.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer .....from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Evangel ..... " Port Angeles.

CLEARED

Str. Charmer ..... for Vancouver
" City of Kingston.... " Port Townsend.
" Rosalie..... " " "
" Evangel..... " Port Angeles.

THE Bank Exchange restaurant has just received a consignment of the following choice articles of food direct from Europe: Westphalian hams, Cervelet and Metwurst sausage, Strassburger goose liver pastele, Frankfurter sausage, Pomeranian breasts of goose, Braunschweiger leberwurst, Braunschweiger Riesenpargel, Lubeck's Krammets vogel, Hamburg sweet water eels, and many other delicacies from the European market.

Eseljay's Liver Lozenges are a thoroughly scientific production of the present day, and are the best remedy known for biliousness, constipation, headache, etc. 25 cts. a box at all drug stores.

W. C. T. U. MEETING.

Appointments Made of the Superintendents for the Different Departments of Work.

Annual Reports of Secretary and Treasurer Showing What Has Been Accomplished.

An exceedingly pleasant afternoon was spent by the ladies of the W. C. T. U. at the residence of Mrs. Williams yesterday afternoon. A paper was read on "Woman's Future" by Mrs. Gould. After an interesting discussion on the paper the superintendents of the different departments for the year as nominated by the executive were received and approved. After refreshments had been served the meeting was dismissed. The following are the superintendents appointed for the different departments of work during the coming year: Social purity, Mrs. Spencer; hospital, Mrs. Andrews; fair work, Mrs. Spencer; heredity and hygiene, Dr. Mary McNeil; narcotics Mrs. Jenkins; evangelistic, Mrs. Burkholder and Mrs. Durham; parlor socials, Mrs. Shakespeare and Mrs. Grant; young people's work, Mrs. Teague and Mrs. Spofford; railway and sailors, Miss Smith; scientific temperance, Mrs. Hayward and Mrs. Goodacre; press work, Mrs. Gould; jail work, Mrs. Humber; legislation, Miss Bowes.

The secretary's eleventh annual report points out that the W.C.T.U. is divided into sixteen different departments over each of which a competent superintendent is appointed. First on the list is social purity, Mrs. Spencer, superintendent. The principal part of this work is carried on in connection with the refuge home which has done much good, letters received and testimony given by former inmates proving that some reformations have taken place. During the year 17 have been cared for in the home, 12 of this number belonging to Victoria. A sale of work in aid of the home last autumn realized $36 and besides this $350 had been subscribed in Victoria towards its maintenance.

Petition and franchise—This has been under the superintendence of Mrs. Spofford. The secretary regrets that so little success has been had in petition work this year although strong efforts were made to prevent new licenses being granted.

Hospital work comes next—Miss Logan and Miss A. Smith superintendents. Literature is distributed in the hospitals by these ladies, kind words are spoken and they report more interest taken in the Sunday services which are held by the ministerial association and others.

Fair work, Supt. Mrs. Teague, proved very encouraging last year. "We were kindly allowed to have a comfortable rest in the exhibition building from which we trust that our influence was felt, by the distribution of much good literature and the good cup of tea given by us we hope kept many from taking stronger drinks."

Unfermented wine at Lord's table, Superintendent, Mrs. Morrow. "In this department we have to report eight of the city churches using this at sacramental occasions."

Flower work, Superintendent Miss Humber and Mrs. Cox. "This is a beautiful part of our work, as nothing cheers the sick, sorrowing or sinful more than those beautiful messengers of God distributed by loving hands, and our superintendents are ready and willing to distribute them in every case that comes to their knowledge. They send boquets to jails, hospitals and sick people."

Jail work, Superintendent Mrs. Andrews.—"Perhaps no work in all of the different departments will bear more fruit than this, especially as it is so lovingly and earnestly carried on by our superintendent, who has been in charge for several years. Mrs. Andrews visits the prison every Sunday, distributing religious and temperance literature, using every means to make those confined there to see the evil of their ways and seek refuge in Christ, and during the past year she is able to report some who being there convicted have turned to God. During the year ending June 30, 250 men and five women have been confined there, and of this number 90 per cent. directly through the influence of strong drink. He who runs may read these facts. Still the evil goes on."

Evangelistic, Superintendent Mrs. Burkholder—She also reports good work lovingly done. Her work during the year has been principally among the reformatory boys. She spends an hour with them each week and through her influence five have signed the pledge, and Mrs. Burkholder reports that so staunch are these lads that three refused plum pudding because of there being alcohol in it.

Parlor work, Superintendent Mrs. Shakespeare—"This is a part of the work which the members and friends enjoy very much. Instead of our weekly meeting a social gathering is held monthly when all are kindly received and hospitably entertained by a lady member at her home. Profitable papers bearing on our work and usually original are read and discussed. This is followed by the cup of tea or coffee and friendly chat but no gossip."

Literature, Superintendent Mrs. Weir—"In this department much good is and could be done were the literature or necessary funds always forthcoming. In the past year a great many pages have been distributed. We know not the results.

"Young People's Work—A Y.W.C.T.U. was organized during the year with a membership of 30, Superintendent Mrs. Teague. This band of active earnest young ladies are doing a good work, and must make their influence felt.

"A Loyal Legion has also been formed, where a large number of children have signed the pledge, and we trust will be trained for future work in the Master's service. This work is superintended by Mrs. McGregor, Miss Mugford, Miss Elford and Miss Teague.

"Work Among Seamen—Superintendent Miss Smith. She holds Bible class and Sunday meetings weekly among the seamen, and has seen some cheering results. She regrets very much not being able to start a proper Seamen's Rest, although all must feel that it is much needed.

"Press work comes next, but we find it difficult to get suitable persons to take hold of this work, although it would be instrumental in doing much good if properly carried on. We must here mention that our city editors favor us very much with locals, etc.

"There are still two or three departments, such as heredity and hygiene, scientific temperance in schools, etc, but little has been done in them."

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Receipts.

Balance of cash on hand, July, 1893	$ 65
Dues collected during the year	145 00
Collections at meetings	31 10
Proceeds sale of work and entertainments	173 90
Donations	51 05
Collections at Miss Phelps' lectures	24 00
Total	$425 70

Disbursements.

For window furnishings, etc	$ 35 00
Lawyers' expenses contesting licenses (1892-1893)	67 00
Deficit on excursion to Port Townsend	17 60
Printing pledge cards, etc	7 95
Money paid on hall	43 25
Expenses at entertainments, etc	34 90
Hymn books and music	19 10
Expenses at convention	8 00
Affiliation fees for 1893 and 1894	68 00
Sent Prov. Treasurer for del. ex. to Dom. Con: Con. reports and Dom. miss. work	21 70
Expenses contesting licenses during year 1894	14 50
Proceeds of sale of work paid Refuge Home	35 50
One-third proceeds of concert paid Y.W.C.T.U.	11 40
Money paid Miss Phelps (lectures)	23 00
Stationery, postage and sundries	10 36
Balance on hand July, 1894	5 44
Total	$425 70

VICTORIA'S EXHIBITION.

Active Steps Being Taken to Make the Agricultural Society's Show a Success.

Cheap Excursion Rates Arranged—Public Meeting of Citizens Next Wednesday.

The sports committee of the directors of the agricultural society held a conference with the Mayor in the city hall yesterday afternoon and discussed ways and means whereby the citizens might be interested in the forthcoming show which will be held in Victoria from the 1st to the 6th of October. The committee's programme was endorsed by the Mayor, who stated that he was heart and soul with the idea, and would do all he could to assist in the matter. Reference was made to the street railway company giving a 5 cent fare to the grounds, a naval review and other details. The various days of the exhibition will be divided thus: Monday, October 1, regatta; Tuesday, October 2, opening day by the Governor-General, Lord Aberdeen; Wednesday, October 3, Americans' day; Thursday, October 4, societies' day; Friday, October 5, citizens' day (public holiday); Saturday, October 6, children's day. On the various days different sports will be held suitable to the occasion.

A public meeting will be held at the city hall on Wednesday evening next, called by the Mayor, who will preside, and a citizens' committee will be appointed for decorating the city during the week of the exhibition, and for arranging a trades procession on citizens' day. It is hoped that everybody will assist the committee to make this year's fair ahead of anything of the kind hitherto held in Victoria.

The sports committee consists of J. H. Falconer (chairman), John Lamberton, W. J. Pendray, and A. J. Dallain.

The transportation committee yesterday interviewed the C.P.N. Co. with the object of securing favorable excursion rates from the Mainland during the exhibition week. The company met the committee very favorably, and decided to put fares from Vancouver or Westminster down to $2; tickets to be good during the week, and on Saturday, October 6, special boats will be run from Westminster and Vancouver at $1.50 return tickets. It is also expected that excursions will be arranged by the different city societies so that one or more will arrive each day of the fair from the American side.

A director's meeting will be held to-night at the city hall. A full attendance is requested as important business will come up for discussion.

The committee room at the city hall has, through the Mayor's kindness, been placed at the disposal of the committees and directors for meeting purposes.

THE RAILWAY UNION.

Doubts as to Its Permanency—Debs and His Friends Say It Is Here to Stay.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—There are those who say that the future of the American Railway Union as a factor in the labor field is hanging in the balance. This is denied by President Debs and his associates, who declare that the union is here to stay. At 10 o'clock this morning President Debs called to order at the Revere house a special meeting of delegates from districts affected by the strike. The hall was well filled and the opening proceedings were conducted with closed doors. About the hall and outside were several hundred representatives of labor organizations interested in the outcome. Before the delegates went into convention it was said that the proceedings would last all day and might run over into Friday. Different delegates who were spoken to said that there was no intention of calling the strike off, but that some of the roads were showing signs of weakness and it was necessary to bolster the men up. The convention, they said, would have absolute legislative power to decide on further methods. This was in line with a statement made earlier by President Debs, who said:

"In this convention we are going to commence cementing together all the workingmen in America in one grand body, so that if we ever have cause to strike again we will not have to beg labor leaders who have sold out their souls to corporations to assist us, but we will all be together, and if necessary can paralyze every industry in the country at the same moment, and then let them put us all in jail together. We will elect a president of these United States who will have manhood and honesty enough to see fair play; we will elect governors who will call out the state militia to protect laboring men when they are in the right and shoot down law breakers; we will elect judges who will be fair-minded, honorable and above price, and to whom laboring men can appeal for justice with a surety of getting it. I do not say that there are not pure and honest judges on the bench, for there are, but I do say that there are men to-day on the federal bench who sold body and soul to corporations, and who signed bills and decrees drawn by the roads themselves and simply brought to these judges for signing."

The recent discovery of Dr. Eseljay is the best remedy for biliousness and all stomach and Liver troubles. While regulating the digestive system Eseljay's Liver Lozenges act as a tonic and do not weaken like pills. They are the best family medicine on the market. 25 cents at all druggists. †

It Is Not What We Say But What Hood's Sarsaparilla Does

That Tells the Story. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Even when other preparations fail,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable. 25c.

THE WESTSIDE

10 CASES of new seasonable goods will be put in stock this week. Damask Tabling, Napkins, Doylies, Tray Cloths, Quilts, etc., Sheetings, White Cottons, also ☞DRESS GOODS In Suitings, Tweeds and Habit Twills. RAW SILKS, 18-yard piece for $3.15.

Trade wants waking up these warm August days, and we purpose to wake it by giving extra good value. Kindly investigate.

Our recent CASH Salvage Sale has convinced us that people have money wherewith to pay for purchases when goods are offered cheap.

If buyers are satisfied that it is true economy to pay cash, cash will be forthcoming.

After careful consideration we have decided in our own, and in our customers' interest, that on and after the 1st day of October next we shall adopt the CASH ONE-PRICE system.

It is manifestly unfair—and yet where a credit trade is done it cannot be avoided—to charge cash-payers just the same price as credit customers, whose payments may not be made for months or years, and worse still to be compelled to mark a higher profit on goods to make up for losses by people who do not pay at all.

Before adopting the CASH principle we have gone into the matter fully, and can demonstrate that 20 per cent. can be saved, and the advantage is that EVERY customer gets the benefit of the lower rates.

We have many valued accounts, and not wishing to inconvenience any one, make the 1st of October our new departure, and respectfully request a settlement before that date. Any goods charged in the interim must be on the distinct understanding that they are to be paid for by that time.

It will be observed from our published price list that we have already made marked reduction in prices, and until the 1st of October will sell at Cash Prices.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

40 CENTS ONLY 40 CENTS

This small sum will buy a Flannelette Overshirt, Men's sizes, 14½ to 16. Clean new goods. Nice patterns. This price holds good TO-DAY and TO-MORROW. Remember 40c., see if you can get such value elsewhere. 25 doz. to select from.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

jy22 NOS. 35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

NEWEST DESIGNS IN

1894-5 WALL PAPER

Travellers now on the road with the finest line ever offered in ALL GRADES.
PARLOR PAPERS, with Friezes to match, in the most Artistic Effects.
INGRAINS, GILTS, BORDERS, BROWN BLANKS, DECORATIONS.
Should our Traveller not call on you, we will be pleased to mail samples direct.

TRADE ONLY.

COLIN McARTHUR & CO.,
MONTREAL WALL PAPER FACTORY,
je29-3m 1030 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.

NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON

S.S. PARIS.....July 18, 11:00 a.m.
S.S. CHESTER.....Aug. 1, 11:00 a.m.
S.S. NEW YORK..Aug. 8, 11:00 a.m.
S.S. PARIS.....Aug. 15, 11:00 a.m.

For full particulars apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent,
Cor. Government and Fort Sts, Victoria, B.C.
no10-1y-eod

RAGS WANTED.

Three cents per pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office.

TENNIS PLAYERS

SHOULD BEAR IN MIND THAT WE ARE AGENTS FOR WRIGHT & DITSON'S

Racquets —AND— Balls.

The Best in the Market.

M. W. WAITT & CO.

64 GOVERNMENT ST.

SOMETHING NEWER
Healthy and delightful.
VIENNA CREAM
(WITH SODA). Call in and try it. The very latest.
THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts

HENRY CLEWS' CIRCULAR.

Review of the Existing Situation—Impossibility of Tariff Legislation Being Completely Wrecked.

In his financial circular dated New York, July 26, Henry Clews says:

We have to seport another week of unbroken dullness in Wall Street affairs. The market is entirely in the hands of a few "professionals," who seek nothing beyond fractional "turns," enough to pay for the day's salt. Naturally the strange conflict at Washington over the duty on sugar creates some interest in Sugar Trust stock; but, even in that, the transactions are comparatively nominal. The attitude of the Sugar Trust interest has subjected the whole "tariff reform" question to uncertainty; and to that extent hopes based on the prospect of the passage of the Tariff bill have been thrown into confusion. It is incredible that the conflict on this single item should be allowed to involve the defeat of the whole tariff. Each day will help to cool off the heated feeling at the capitol; the imperative pressure of public opinion for putting an end to this tariff suspense and for freeing trade from its paralysis will compel respect in both houses; the Sugar Trust may deem it prudent to show some consideration for the country and may instruct its supporters to grant concessions; and, in the worst event, the House would be likely to yield, leaving remedy to be sought in a subsequent effort to modify the terms temporarily conceded.

With all these possibilities within easy reach, the last thing to be expected is the complete defeat of the Tariff bill, and the result most probable is an early settlement which will set the new duties in operation not later than September 1st, while possibly leaving the sugar duty subject to future change. This course is so manifestly the most eligible on grounds of party policy, and so clearly the best way out of the extraordinary complications that it seems entirely probable that a few more days will bring this struggle within sight of its end. It therefore seems safe to regard this hitch in tariff legislation as only temporary and to calculate upon the new tariff taking effect at a comparatively early day, with the effects that have hitherto been expected as likely to attend the new state of things.

The one thing the country now impatiently waits for, as a condition precedent to a more complete restoration of confidence, in the adjournment of Congress. The continued persistence of the outward flow of gold, however, suggests one measure of protection to the public finances which should by all means receive attention before adjournment. The Treasury gold reserve is now close upon $60,000,000, which is but 12 per cent. of its note obligations. How much farther the drain may be carried it is impossible to say; nor is there any assurance how far the banks may be disposed to help the government under these circumstances. The really serious fact is that the government has virtually ceased to receive ary gold through its customs revenue.

All outgo and no income is the present condition, and such a situation should not be tolerated one day longer than is absolutely inevitable. Neglect of taking proper action is all the more culpable because the danger is easy of remedy. Congress has the power to decree that a fixed portion of the customs duties shall be paid in gold, leavi g the remainder to be paid in that metal or in the paper money now legally available for that purpose. Should a law be passed requiring 75 per cent. of the duties to be liquidated in gold, the treasury would receive 100 millions per annum more gold revenue than it is now getting; which would at once build up the gold reserve and enable the government to meet the export demand without difficulty. It does seem that a remedy so simple and so entirely unobjectionable should be brought to the attention of Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury, and urged for immediate adoption.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

No. 233.

A BY-LAW

To Provide for the Regulation of Ross Bay Cemetery and certain Lands adjacent thereto proposed to be used for Cemetery purposes.

WHEREAS by virtue of an act entitled "The Cemetery Ordinance Amendment Act, 1879," the lands known as the Ross Bay Cemetery and certain other lands acquired for cemetery purposes by the Trustees under and by virtue of the Trust Deed and Letters Patent mentioned in the said Act, are held and vested in the Corporation of the City of Victoria and their successors in trust for the proper maintenance of the said Cemetery and for Cemetery purposes generally, subject to the provisions and conditions therein mentioned:

AND WHEREAS the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria has purchased certain lands adjoining and lying to the west of Ross Bay Cemetery, being Sections 80 and 81A, Fairfield Farm Estate, Victoria City, for cemetery purposes, under the powers conferred by the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto;

AND WHEREAS the Council of the said Corporation has acquired certain other land adjoining and lying to the east of Ross Bay Cemetery aforesaid, being Lot 9, Division 1, of Section xix, Victoria District, now Victoria City, containing 2.82 acres more or less, for cemetery purposes, as an addition to that portion of Ross Bay Cemetery now held by the Church of England but subject to the provisions of the Cemetery Ordinance Amendment Act, 1879.

AND WHEREAS under and by virtue of subsection 27 of section 104 of the said Municipal Act, 1892, the said Council is authorized to make by-laws (inter alia) to provide for the regulation of cemeteries:

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the Ross Bay Cemetery By-law, 1879, and to make certain new rules and regulations for the regulation of the said Ross Bay Cemetery land and lands adjacent thereto to be used for Cemetery purposes:

AND WHEREAS it is deemed advisable that the said additional lands which have been acquired by the said Corporation of the City of Victoria for cemetery purposes as hereinbefore recited, shall together with the land formerly known as the Ross Bay Cemetery land hereafter and for the purposes of this By-law, be known as the "Ross Bay Cemetery."

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. The Ross Bay Cemetery By-law, 1879, is hereby repealed and the following By-law substituted therefor.

2. The land formerly called or known as the Ross Bay Cemetery land together with the additional lands adjacent thereto which have been acquired by the Corporation of the City of Victoria for cemetery purposes as hereinbefore recited, shall hereafter and for the purposes of this By-law, be called or known as "The Ross Bay Cemetery."

3. The words "Cemetery," "Committee," "Secretary" and "Caretaker" herein shall mean and refer to the Standing Cemetery Committee; the Secretary and the Caretaker of the Cemetery respectively, for the time being, appointed by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The term "holder" of a lot or lots shall include and mean any person or persons, society or corporation to whom a license or licenses to use the same for burial purposes has or have been granted inaccordance with the provisions of this by-law.

LOTS.

4. The Corporation of the City of Victoria will grant to any person or persons paying the fees therefor, according to the scale of fees hereinafter provided for in section 42 of this by-law), a license for the exclusive use by him, her, or them, or his, her or their executors or administrators, of any lot or lots which may be vacant and unlicensed in the said Ross Bay Cemetery (except those contained in the portions of the said Cemetery known as blocks A. B. C. D. & H. shown on the plans filed in the office of the Secretary) and upon payment of the said fees, such person or persons shall be entitled to receive a license in the form "A" attached to this by-law.

5. The license referred to in the last preceding section shall be subject to the following regulations, as if embodied therein in full, and to the regulations contained in this By-law (or any other that may be passed by the Council from time to time), which said regulations shall apply to every portion of the Cemetery, unless otherwise provided.

(A.) No person shall be granted a license in respect to more than six contiguous lots, three only of which shall abut upon any gravel road. The size of lot shall be four feet by eight feet.

(B.) No lot shall be used for any other purpose than as a burial place for the dead; and no trees within the lot shall be planted, removed, cut down or destroyed, without the consent of the Caretaker.

(C.) The holder of any lot or lots shall not allow interments to be made therein for remuneration, nor transfer or dispose of the same except as hereinafter provided.

(D.) The holder of any lot or lots shall have the right to enclose same and to erect proper stones, monuments, or sepulchral structures thereon, and cultivate trees, shrubs or plants to adorn same, but only in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Cemetery.

(E.) If any trees or shrubs shall by means of their roots, branches or otherwise, become detrimental to the adjacent lots or roads, or unsightly, or inconvenient to passengers, it shall be the duty of the Caretaker and he shall have the right under directions from the Cemetery Committee to remove such trees as are thus detrimental, unsightly, or inconvenient.

(F.) If any monument, enclosure or any structure whatever, or any inscription be placed in or upon any lot, which shall be determined by the Cemetery Committee improper or injurious to the appearance of the surrounding lots, the said Committee, or the Caretaker, acting under their instructions, shall have the right and it shall be his duty, if instructed by the Committee, to enter upon such lot and remove the said offensive or improper object or objects.

TRANSFER OF LOTS.

6. If the holder of any lot or lots in any portion of the Cemetery other than in the blocks known as Blocks A B C D and H, shall, at any time have no use for and be desirous of disposing of or transferring same to another, he or she shall first obtain the consent in writing of the Cemetery Committee and furnish the Secretary with full particulars as to the name, address, occupation or other description of the party to whom such disposal or transfer is desired to be made, and in the event of the Cemetery Committee consenting to such disposition or transfer, the same shall be effected by an endorsement, signed by the Secretary, to that effect, upon the license issued in respect to such lot or lots.

7. The consent if granted by the Committee, shall be recorded by the Secretary with particulars in the Book to be kept for that purpose.

8. Whenever any lot or lots in the portion of the Cemetery known as Blocks A. B. C. D. and H. is or are disposed of or transferred from one holder to another the owner or owners of the said Blocks A. B. C. D. and H. respectively, or the agent or agents of such owner or owners, respectively shall, directly the same shall come to his or their knowledge, report the particulars of the disposal or transfer to the Secretary, and the Secretary shall, thereupon, enter the same in the proper records.

BOUNDARIES OF LOTS.

9. The holder of each lot shall, under the direction of the Caretaker, erect at his or her expense suitable landmarks of stone at the corners thereof, such corner posts not to stand above ground more than three inches.

10. Fences and railings, walls (except in the case of a vault or a brick grave) and hedges in and around lots are prohibited, but cut stone or granite coping will be allowed, and, when used, the same shall have a stone foundation at least eighteen inches below the surface of the ground

IMPROVEMENT AND CARE OF LOTS.

11. The holder of any lot or lots shall keep the same properly graded and turfed, and have the grass regularly mown and kept green and free from weeds, and keep in proper repair all stones or monuments erected on the same; such work and repairs to be done to the satisfaction of the Caretaker or Cemetery Committee. And in order to facilitate the keeping of lots in order, arrangements may be made to have the necessary work done at the following rates (in so far as applicable to the work required to be done) under the direction of the Caretaker, by men employed by the Corporation: that is to say:

For cutting grass on lot 4 ft x 8 ft. per season	$2 50
For regularly watering same	2.50
For sodding a grave, including loam or fixing for flowers	2.50
For top dressing a lot, 4 ft. x 8 ft., each year	2.50

For any of the above services to two or more plots held by the same person a reduction of 25 per cent. will be made in the total amount.

12. Gardeners or others employed by the holder of any lot or lots to work on lots must carry on their work under the supervision of the Caretaker, and must remove all rubbish which they may make to such place as may be designated by the said Caretaker when required by him so to do, and any such gardener or other workman failing to conform to this regulation will render himself liable to the penalties provided by this by-law and will not afterwards be permitted to work in the Cemetery.

13. The Caretaker will in all cases designate the place where implements or materials to be used in excavating for or erecting or constructing monuments or vaults, are to be placed during the course of such excavation, erection or construction.

14. Masons and stone cutters, or others, when moving any heavy material over any path, are required to lay planks on same to protect the said path from injury.

15. No head or foot stones will be permitted exceeding two feet in height above ground unless placedin a cut stone base with stone foundation four feet deep.

No stone shall be erected less than three inches in thickness.

Stones of three inches in thickness shall not exceed two feet six inches in height including base.

Stones of four inches in thickness shall not exceed two feet nine inches in height including the base.

Stones of five inches in thickness shall not exceed three feet in height including the base

Stones of six inches in thickness shall not exceed three feet six inches in height including the base.

All stones with rough butts shall be set at least two feet below the surface, on a foundation four feet in depth, and such stones shall not be less than four inches in thickness nor more than two feet in height above ground.

MONUMENTS AND VAULTS.

16. All monuments, and all parts of vaults that shall be permitted above ground, shall be made of cut stone, granite or marble. The foundations of monuments must be carefully laid in stone to a depth of not less than six feet from the surface of the ground.

17. No vault shall be erected wholly, or in part, above ground without permission of the Cemetery Committee, and such must be furnished with shelves having divisions allowing interments to be made separately and permanently sealed so as to prevent the escape of unpleasant effluvia.

18. The walls of vaults shall be confined within the limits of the premises, and they shall, including the arches, be built of stone at least 18 inches thick. and on the inside with hard bricks four inches thick, leaving a space of two inches between the stone wall and brickwork to prevent dampness; or of brickwork of two thicknesses, having a twelve inch wall on the outside and an eight inch wall on the inside, leaving a two inch interval, these walls and arches to be of hard brick, carefully cemented: If the vault is above ground or partly above ground there shall be double iron doors, with at least a space of 18 inches between the outer and inner doors, entrance to be indicated by a suitable stone sunk in the ground.

19. All steps to lots or vaults shall be of solid cut stone with side pieces and placed on a good stone foundation.

20. Brick graves must have eight inch walls of the best hard brick laid in Portland cement, and clean sharp sand properly mixed in the proportions of three to one.

21. The holder of any lot or lots who may wish to erect monuments, construct vaults, or have the boundaries of his or her lot more fully defined, must first apply to the Caretaker on the premises who must be present to oversee such erection and construction.

22. No person shall undertake or execute any work of a permanent character in connection with the beautifying, improving or of caring for any grave lot or lots, or any grave or graves in the Cemetery without first having obtained authority in writing for so doing from the Cemetery Committee, and any such work shall be carried on under the supervision of the Caretaker, and to the satisfaction of the said Committee.

23, No person may obtain a permit to carry on the work of a gardener in respect to any lot or lots, grave or graves in the Cemetery, unless he can produce a certificate from his former employer that he is a competent practical gardener, also certificate from reliable persons as to his character for honesty, sobriety and general good behavior.

24. The holder of any lot or lots may employ gaideners other than the above by giving an order in writing for the work to be done mentioning his or her address, the name of the person employed and the number of the lot or lots to be improved, which order, if endorsed by the Chairman of the Cemetery Committee, will entitle the bearer to proceed with the work.

25. The grade of lots will, in all cases, be determined by the Caretaker.

26. Lots, when resodded, must not be higher than the level of the adjoining ground.

27. No soil may be removed from any lot or from any space adjoining or between lots without the permission of the Caretaker.

28. Grave mounds must not exceed 12 inches in height above the level of the lot.

29. Gardeners and others who spread stable manure or top dressing on lots must see that it is well rotted and free from unsightly materials.

30. Red cedar or locust crosses not less than four inches in diameter nor more than four feet in height, to be inserted 18 inches in the ground may be erected for training ivy.

31. Willows of all kinds, linden, poplar and ailanthus trees, and althea, junipers, yews, lilacs, laburnums and snowballs, are prohibited

32. Hedges and box edging, or replanting same, will not be permitted.

33 Any tree or shrub that is set without permission, will be subject to immediate removal without notice.

INTERMENTS.

34. All applications with respect to interments are to be made to the Secretary each day between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. on all days of the week except Saturdays, when applications must be made between the hours of 10 a.m and 1 p.m. and except on Sundays and public holidays when the office will be closed.

All applications made between the hours of 1 p.m. on Saturdays and 10 a.m. on Mondays or on public holidays are to be made to the Superintendent of Police, and all applications required to be made with respect to the interment of any person or persons dying of any infectious disease are to be made to the Medical Health Officer of the said Corporation.

All permits for the interment of any person or persons shall be in the form "B" attached to this By-law.

35. All rates or fees authorized to be charged by this By-law are to be paid in advance to the Secretary.

36 Persons making applications for an interment must give to the Secretary, Superintendent of Police or Medical Health Officer, as the case may be, a statement of the name, age, date of death of the deceased and such other information as may be reasonably required, and in the event of the applicant desiring to enter in any one of the portions known as Blocks A. B. C, D. and H., a certificate in writing from the person authorized to act for or on behalf of the owner or owners of the said blocks, giving the block the number and designation of the lot, in which such interment is to take place, must first be obtained and handed to the Secretary, the Superintendent of Police or Medical Health Officer, as the case may be, before he issues his permit for such burial.

37, Permits for burials must be obtained at least 20 hours before any interment can take place, except in the case of a person dying of an infectious disease.

38. In cases of poverty, the Cemetery Committee will consider and decide on applications for the remission of fees in whole or in part; such decision shall be given in writing to the Secretary, signed by the Chairman of the Committee or in case of his absence from the City or illness, by any member of the committee.

39. Every order for interment of a body in any lot not contained in Blocks A. B. C. D. and H. must be signed by the lot holder or his agent.

40. No grave shall be dug or vault or brick grave opened for interment or otherwise by any person other than the Caretaker or his assistant duly authorized by him.

41. When one or more interment is made in the same grave the last interment shall have at least four feet of earth between the coffin or grave box, and the surface of lot.

42. The following fees shall be charged by and paid to the Secretary in respect to the matters following.

For a license in respect to each lot in the two rows adjoining any gravel road	$12 50
For a license in respect to each lot in the other rows	5 00
Portions of lots intersected by a gravel road to be charged for pro rata.	
For each interment in any row	7 50
For each interment of a child under ten years old	3 75
For re-opening any grave for the interment of an adult	5 00
For re-opening any grave for the interment of a child under ten years of age	3 75
For the re-opening of a grave for the interment of a still-born child	2 50
For re-opening of any grave for the interment of an adult where it is necessary to deepen said grave	10 00
For re-opening of any grave for the interment of a child where it is necessary to deepen said grave	7 50
For exhuming a body when work of opening and refilling of grave is undertaken by parties applying, said work to be done under the supervision and to the satisfaction of the Caretaker	5 00
For exhuming a body when work is not performed by parties applying	20 00

43. Bodies of persons dying of any infectious disease, must be interred within twenty-four hours after death occurs.

44. The Medical Health Officer for the time being of the said Corporation shall furnish the Caretaker with definite instructions respecting interments in these cases, and the Caretaker or duly authorized assistant acting in his behalf shall follow such instructions carefully and minutely in making such interments.

45. No permit for the interment of the body of any Chinese shall be issued unless a certificate, signed by the Medical Health Officer, or by the duly registered medical practitioner, if any, attending such Chinese, at and prior to the time of decease, stating that he or she has not died of any infectious disease and that such medical practitioner has duly attended him or her professionally for a period of at least three days previously to death, is first presented to the Secretary in the form "C" attached to this by-law. No exhumation or removal from the Cemetery of the body of any person who died of any infectious disease will be allowed except with the written permission of the Medical Health Officer in addition to the permission required by the "Graveyard Act, Amendment Act, 1891," and no exhumation shall be permitted by the Caretaker without an authority from the Secretary in the form "D" hereto attached.

46. The following will be considered as infectious diseases: Small Pox, Asiatic Cholera, Diphtheria, Typhus Fever, Scarlet Fever, Scarlatina and such other as may hereafter be designated by the Board of Health, or the Medical Health Officer.

RULES CONCERNING VISITORS.

47. No horses will be allowed to pass through the grounds at a rate faster than a walk.

48. Neither bicycles nor tricycles will be allowed on the grounds.

49. Drivers of carriages at funerals are required to remain in their seats, or by their horses, during the performance of funeral ceremonies.

50. No vehicle or horse shall, upon any pretence whatsoever, be driven upon, or over, a burial plot.

51. Proprietors of carriages and horses will be held responsible for any damage done by them or their drivers, in violation of the rules of the Cemetery.

52. No horse shall be left by the driver unfastened, or where he may do injury.

53. No picnic party will be admitted to the grounds.

54. No smoking will be allowed within the grounds.

55. Dogs will not be admitted.

56. All persons are prohibited from picking any flower, wild or cultivated, or breaking any shrub or trees.

57. All persons are prohibited breaking, removing or displacing rocks in any rockwork.

58. All persons are prohibited from writing upon, defacing or injuring any monument, fence or other structure, or any tree in or belonging to the cemetery.

59. Any persons disturbing the quiet and good order of the place by noise or other improper conduct, or who shall violate any of the foregoing rules, will be compelled instantly to leave the grounds.

60. The gates are open for entrance at 7 a.m., and closed, except for egress, in the winter at 7 p.m., and in the summer 8 p.m.

61. No money shall be paid to any person in the employ of the Corporation in the Cemetery, in reward for any personal services or attention.

DUTIES OF CARETAKER.

62. He shall reside in the dwelling known as "The Lodge," at the cemetery.

63. He shall at all times, and in all respects, be subject to the direction of the Cemetery Committee.

64. He shall have the general care and custody of the Cemetery, the control and direction of all the workmen employed therein, and it shall be his duty to enforce all rules and regulations relating thereto.

65. He shall keep such books of record, plans, etc., make such reports, and perform such other duties appropriate to his office, as the Cemetery Committee may from time to time require, all of which books of record, reports, plans, etc., shall be the property of the corporation.

66. He shall engage, employ, and discharge workmen at the Cemetery, under the direction of the Cemetery Committee. He shall see that all such persons perform faithfully the services due from them to the Corporation, and that the orders of the Cemetery Committee are strictly complied with.

67. He shall also see that all persons, whether employed in the Cemetery or visiting it, violating any of the provisions of this by-law are promptly dealt with by removal from the Cemetery, and by prosecution if so directed or authorized by the Cemetery Committee.

68. He shall keep in suitable books, provided for the purpose, all orders for work to be done, or materials to be furnished for lot holders, referred to in Section 11 of this By-Law, which orders shall be explicit in their terms, and signed by the persons giving them, the particulars of whatever is afterwards done or furnished in pursuance thereof shall be fully stated, and make a part of the entry.

69. He shall make monthly reports of all interments, with full particulars thereof; and return all orders and papers, of whatever nature connected therewith, or with exhumations or removals, to the Secretary, for permanent disposition in his office.

70. He shall attend or make ample provision for prompt and sufficient attendance upon all funeral processions arriving at the Cemetery.

71. He shall dig and prepare, or cause to be dug and prepared, the grave or graves required whenever ordered by the Secretary, or any person acting for him.

(A.) All graves in new grounds shall be dug to a depth of six feet for the interment of the bodies of adults, and five feet for the interment of the bodies of children.

72. The Caretaker is prohibited from taking orders for the burial of the body of any person or persons except from the Secretary, or from the Superintendent of Police, or the Medical Health Officer, as provided for in Section 34 of this By-law, and in the case of any order issued by the Superintendent of Police, or the Medical Health Officer, the Caretaker shall report the same to the Secretary as soon as possible.

73. He shall keep the Cemetery in good order, the grass of unsold and unused lots cut down, and the gravel roads in good condition.

74. He shall not allow heavy loads to enter the cemetery when the roads are in an unfit condition.

75. The Caretaker shall, on or before the first Monday in May each year, report to the Cemetery Committee a list of all the lots which may be so much out of repair as to detract from the general good appearance of the Cemetery, upon which the holders of said lots, or other persons interested therein, shall be notified by the Secretary of their condition, and be urgently requested to put them in repair.

76. In case the holder of any lot or lots shall, after notice by the Secretary requesting him to do so, refuse or neglect to keep his lot and any stone or monument erected thereon in proper condition, or in good repair, to the satisfaction of the Caretaker or Cemetery Committee, said Committee may cause such lot to be put into proper condition, and such stone or monument to be repaired as may be satisfactory to the Caretaker, and may do so when and as often as the said grounds shall require to be put in proper condition, or said stone or monument to be repaired, and the holder shall be liable to pay the cost of such work forthwith; and, in case of nonpayment of the same, the Secretary may from time to time charge up against such lot all such sums which shall have been so expended, and may, under the provisions of this by law, prevent any interments in such lot until such charge shall have been paid.

77. The notice referred to in the last preceding section may be given personally to the holder of such lot or lots, or at the option of the Secretary may be mailed to the last known post office address of such lot holder or his legal representative, and proof of such notice having been mailed as aforesaid shall be taken to be sufficient proof of such notice having been given.

DUTIES OF SECRETARY.

78. The Secretary is hereby authorized on behalf of the said Corporation to grant in the form "A" attached to this by-law, the license mentioned in Section 4 herein, in respect to any lot or lots in the Cemetery (excepting those contained in Blocks A, B, C, D and H) according to the scale of charges and subject to the provisions of this by-law.

79. He shall issue all permits for interment and orders for exhumation to the Caretaker, as required by Sections 34 and 45 hereof.

80. Upon the issuance of any license, or the granting of any transfer, in respect to any lot or lots, or upon receiving any notice referred to in Section 8 herein, of the disposal or transfer of any lot or lots, or upon the issuance of any permit for any interment or order for any exhumation, the Secretary shall immediately notify the Caretaker by telephone or otherwise of the same, giving number and location of the lot or lots, as the case may be, affected, and any other information that may be requisite.

81. He shall, under direction from the Cemetery Committee, issue orders to perform any work of improvement, or caring for any lot or lots, mentioned in Section 11 of this by-law, upon receipt of the amount of charges therefor.

82. He shall keep such records as may be required for properly entering the particulars respecting the license or disposal or transfer of any lot or lots, the interment of any body, or respecting the work of improvement of any lot provided for by this by-law and executed by the Corporation.

83. He shall pay over all moneys received by him as rates or fees, at least once a month to the City Treasurer.

84. He shall prepare an annual report of all interments in the Cemetery in each year.

SPECIAL WORK OF REPAIRS, IMPROVEMENTS OR DRAINAGE.

85. Whenever the Corporation of the City of Victoria shall deem it advisable to undertake or execute any special work of repairs, improvement or drainage of the Cemetery or any portion thereof, the Municipal Council of the said Corporation may under the provisions of the Cemetery Ordinance Amendment Act, 1879, Section 11, assess, levy and collect the amounts, any religious body or denomination holding, or having jurisdiction over any block of land in the Cemetery described in the plans in the office of the Secretary, shall pay as its fair share of the cost of such work, in the following manner, that is to say:

(A.) The amount of the cost of such work shall be assessed against the land comprised in the area immediately benefited thereby,

(B.) The proportion of said amount such religious body or denomination if holding, or having jurisdiction over any block or blocks of land in the said area, shall be required to pay, in any case, shall be a sum of money having the same ratio to the entire cost of the work as the area of the said block or blocks bears to the area immediately benefited by the work.

(C.) The said sum shall be due and payable by such religious body or denomination to the Corporation as soon as the Council shall pass a resolution authorizing such special work to be done, and a notice of the same, has been served upon such body or denomination, its legal representative or duly authorized agent residing in the City of Victoria, stating the estimated cost of the work and the amount of assessment such body or denomination is required to pay.

(D.) In case of non-payment of the said sum within thirty days after the service of such notice, the Council may complete the said work and may recover the said sum together with costs in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS.

86. It shall be unlawful for any person to kindle a fire, or deposit any paper, stick or thing upon or about any road or lot in the Cemetery, under penalty provided by this By-Law. Provided, however, that this rule shall not apply to any work of improvement allowed, or to the funeral rites of Chinese for which permission has first been obtained from the Secretary, who shall issue a permit in such case, and charge therefor, a fee of one dollar in each case.

87. No person shall wrongfully remove or disturb, or attempt to remove or disturb any body, or the remains of any body, or any part of any body from any grave or tomb.

88. Any person who wilfully destroys, mutilates, defaces, injures or removes any tomb, monument, grave stone, or other structure placed in the Cemetery, or any work for the protection or ornament of the Cemetery, or of any tomb, monument, grave stone or other structure aforesaid or lot within the Cemetery, or wilfully destroys, cuts, breaks or injures any tree, shrub or plant, or plays at any game or sport, or discharges firearms (save at a military funeral), or who wilfully and unlawfully disturbs persons assembled for the purpose of burying a body therein, or who commits a nuisance, or at any time behaves in an indecent and unseemly manner, or deposits any rubbish or offensive matter or thing in the cemetery, or in any way violates any grave, tomb, tombstone, vault or other structure within the same, shall be subject to the penalties of this By-law.

89. Any person convicted of a breach of any of the provisions of this By-law shall forfeit and pay, at the discretion of the convicting magistrate, a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars for each offence, exclusive of costs, and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith, the said penalty and costs, or costs only, may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied, the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail at the City of Victoria, with or without hard labor, for any period not exceeding six calendar months, unless the said penalty and costs be sooner paid.

90. This By-law may be cited as the Ross Bay Cemetery By-law, 1894.

Passed the Municipal Council the 23rd day of July, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 24th day of July, 1894.

[L.S.] JNO. TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

SCHEDULE.

[A]

ROSS BAY CEMETERY.

LICENSE.

In consideration of Mr.....of..... having this day paid the sum of..... being the amount of the fees due therefor as provided by Section 42 of the Ross Bay Cemetery By-law, 1894, he is hereby granted license and permission to use and occupy in Block..... Ross Bay Cemetery, Lot.....for the purpose of interment in accordance with and under and subject to the rules and regulations provided by the Ross Bay Cemetery By-law, 1894, and all and any other By-laws, rules and regulations for the regulation of Ross Bay Cemetery which may for the time being be in force.

Dated this.....day of.....18...

.....

Secretary of Ross Bay Cemetery.

I agree to accept the above written license upon the terms and subject to the conditions above expressed.

.....

[B]

VICTORIA, B.C.,.....18....

Permission is hereby given to Mr..... to have the remains of ..... interred in Block.....Lot..... of Road.....Ross Bay Cemetery, on the.....day of.....18 .. at..... o'clock.

.....

Secretary of Ross Bay Cemetery.

To the Caretaker of Ross Bay Cemetery.

[C]

VICTORIA, B.C.,.....18....

This is to certify that I have examined the body of.....and that said ..... has not died of any infectious disease. *(In case the certificate is given by the regular Medical Practitioner attending the deceased.)*

And that I have for three days previous to the death of the said .... attended.....professionally.

.....

Medical Health Officer or Attending Physician.

To the Secretary of Ross Bay Cemetery.

[D]

VICTORIA, B.C.,.....18....

You are hereby instructed to have [or allow] the remains of..... ..... interred in Block.....Lot.....of Road..... Ross Bay Cemetery [to be] exhumed therefromforthwith [by].....

.....

Secretary of Ross Bay Cemetery.

To the Caretaker of Ross Bay Cemetery.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 24th day of July, A.D., 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
jy27 C. M. C.

KATE JORDAN'S CHAT

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE UP TO DATE WOMAN.

Fashion, Fads and Folbles—A New Trade For Women—A Woman's Specialty. Sketch of Mrs. Kendal—Her Housekeeping.

HERE is a new material in the market that is exquisitely pretty and which is very popular. It is fitly called butter colored batiste and comes with embroideries of various lengths to match. This will be especially becoming to pale brunettes.

It seems that women are not the only ones who devour sensational literature. There must be a tremendous audience of men and boys throughout the country for writers of the daredevil books where the hero, unarmed, easily vanquishes 20 ontlaws and where the detective surprises one by stepping from Europe to the Rocky mountains just in time for an important arrest, although how he manages it is a mystery to you. Harlan Page Halsey, better known as Old Sleuth, has made a fortune of almost a million out of stories of this sort. He has an office in one of the lower business streets of the city, where he literally grinds out these stories, so many words an hour.

The artichoke is a great creole dish. It is particularly beloved in New Orleans and occupies about the same place on the table as asparagus does with us. It is eaten when very cold with French dressing and is certainly worth the bother of cooking.

Sweet pea luncheons, dinners, etc., abound at this season. The pretty variegated flowers so deliciously fragrant have spring glamour to them.

If you would be quite correct and very English, get a rough straw walking hat to go with your street gown. They are trimmed with moire ribbon and have quills or black coke feathers at the side.

What will be done next in "sweet charity's name?" Private theatricals are voted tiresome and charades old, so that the belle of this advanced day turns her attention to amateur circuses. There was one in a small, aristocratic settlement not a thousand miles from New York only the other day. Around and around the ring went the pretty girls on horseback, striking at rings on bars, sitting sideways on a horse, etc. "Do you like this?" asked a disapproving man of a little blond who looked tantalizingly lovely in a jockey cap and red satin coat. "Well, you see," she answered, "when I was a little girl, I thought the circus riders the most beautiful things in existence and registered an oath in my baby brain to wear gauze skirts some day and jump through a hoop. So you can understand that this is partly a realization of a long cherished dream. Besides, although it's risky and maybe a little bold, it's for charity, so it goes!"

How much does the rich trousseau of a rich bride cost? Have you ever thought about it? I went into a shop on upper Broadway the other day where a French woman manufactures lingerie for those who tread on the velvet and lilies of life. The underwear for the trousseau of a banker's daughter was displayed to longing eyed women. It was all of finest linen, sheer as a butterfly's wing, with lace and ribbon so dainty they had the effect of frosting upon it. There were a dozen of everything. The cost? Seventeen hundred dollars. That's all!

No dessert is as grateful in hot weather as iced fruit. If you make pineapple sorbet once you will be sure to make it again. Take a quart of grated pineapple, 2 heaping spoonfuls of gelatin dissolved in hot water, a quart of water, a quart of sugar, the juice of a lemon and the beaten whites of 2 eggs. Put in just before freezing.

Ouida, who was very much in advance of her times when she wrote "Strathmore" a good many years ago, is very much behind the times now. She not only decries the idea of women being privileged to vote. She loathes the women who are fighting for it. She says: "So long as woman wears dead birds as millinery and dead seals as coats, so long as she invades literature without culture and art without talent, so long as she shows herself without scruple at every debasing spectacle which is considered fashionable, so long as she is unable to keep her sons out of the shambles of modern sport and her daughters out of the miasma of modern society, she has no title or capacity to demand the privilege or the place of man."

More trinkets are worn now, even with severe cloth gowns, than ever before. They are all in good taste, though, and each has a reason. There is the brooch at the high collarette; the sleeve links, just visible in the cuffs; the long empire chain having a vinaigrette, or little silver purse or watch at the end of it; then the chatelaine belt, from which trifles in silver are strung. I know a girl who carries on her belt a silver powder box, bonbon box, mirror, case for nail scissors and file and—yes, indeed—a dainty cigarette case!

Tremendous revers are worn on coats.

There is a new trade for women, and one as dainty and fitting as it is remunerative. On Broadway, at good distances apart, there are three windows which "bloom like the flowers of spring." As you approach them you fully believe that you are gazing at the luxuriant growths of nature in a florist's window. Lilies, Gloire de Dijon roses, sunflowers, are all there, making a color harmony against the smoky, blue-gray street. But are they flowers? Only when you have gained the window do you see that you are looking at nothing more nor less than a score of paper lamp shades, each heavy with a mass of paper blossoms so artistically true to the real thing that you stand dumfounded. In a big Japanese shop I stopped to watch half a dozen little Japanese women smiling around a table at which they were making the pretty things. How their fingers flashed! How the flowers grew under them as if the pointed, polished nails were tipped with veritable magic! They were like flowers themselves in their long robes of gold and blue, the pointed sleeves dropping back displaying the very prettiest arms and wrists to be found under the sun. Farther down the street in an American shop there were as many trim, brown haired girls quite as proficient. One bunch of pansies was so perfect a customer fell in love with them, waited until they were finished and bunched and then coolly pinned the bouquet in her dress.

"Oh, you'll never go out on the street with them there! That's not good taste at all," said her friend.

"Only until I meet Charlie," she replied. "I'd like to bet you a pair of gloves he'll think them real. Men are so confiding!" Then they went out to waylay Charlie.

"I suppose it is very difficult to make these?" I said to one of the girls as I examined a bunch of really lovely tiger lilies.

"Any one who has learned how to make the usual kind of artificial flowers can make them," she answered, "only these are so much nicer. They don't stain your fingers at all. There's one thing exrta you have to learn," she added, "how to paint just a little—enough to make stripes on a lily like that or give the proper shading to the heart of a rose."

KATE JORDAN.

New York.

FATAL ASCENT.

A Girl's First and Last Attempt as a Balloonist.

ANDERSON, Ind., Aug. 2—At 5 o'clock last evening Miss Tillie Sabern made a balloon ascension from Ironwood Park. When she cut loose the parachute failed to open until within a hundred feet of the earth and the sudden jerk when it spread broke her hold and she fell to the ground and was dead when picked up. Her neck was broken, the spine badly crushed and every limb broken. The girl was but 17 years of age. Her home was in Richmond, Ind , where her mother last night pleaded with her not to attempt the ascension. It was her first trip and her death was witnessed by a brother and cousin. The girl was well known at Richmond.

TERRIBLY FATAL.

The Cholera in Galicia of a Remarkably Virulent Type.

VIENNA, Aug. 2—A doctor of the Galician town of Caleszcyky reports that sometimes people who attend funerals of persons who died of cholera are attacked with pains on their way home, lie down and die in a few hours. The town is isolated. All the shops and factories are closed. The rich have fled, while the working people walk the streets in a starving condition, take the disease and die.

BAD BLOOD

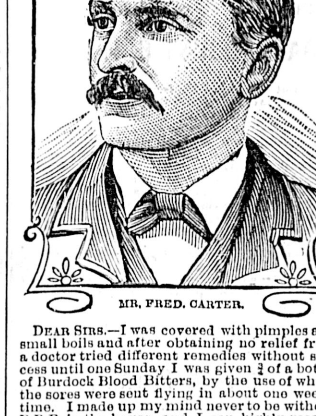
CAUSES

Boils, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores, Scrofula AND Skin Diseases.

B.B.B.

CURES

BAD BLOOD



MR. FRED. CARTER.

DEAR SIRS.—I was covered with pimples and small boils and after obtaining no relief from a doctor tried different remedies without success until one Sunday I was given ½ of a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, by the use of which the sores were sent flying in about one week's time. I made up my mind never to be without B.B.B. in the house, and I can highly recommend it to all.

FRED. CARTER, Haney, B. C.

I can answer for the truth of the above.

T. C. CHRISTIAN, Haney, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY. THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 9.00 a.m. for Spokane St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East,

Running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars Family Tourist Sleepers, and first and second class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. A. RATTRAY, General Agent, No. 75 Government Street, Opposite Postoffice, Victoria, B. C.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Ag t, St. Paul, Minnesota. jyl

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 20,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, Apr 27th 1894. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 3 Pass'r. Fr,Sa Su.	SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 1 Pass'r. Daily	Mls. f'm Wel	STATIONS.	Mls. f'm Vic	NORTH BOUND (Read Down.) No. 4 Pass'r. Fr,Sa,Su.	NORTH BOUND (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass'r. Daily
P.M. Ar. 8.00	P.M. Ar. 12.24	78	Victoria		P.M. De. 3.04	A.M. De. 8.00
" 7.56	" 12.20	77	Russell's	1	" 3.08	" 8.04
" 7.48	" 12.10	74	Esquimalt	4	" 3.16	" 8.14
" 7.28	" 11.45	67	Goldstream	11	" 3.36	" 8.39
" 6.59	" 11.10	58	Summit Siding	20	" 4.05	" 9.14
" 6.37	" 10.50	50	Shawnigan Lake	28	" 4.27	" 9.34
" 6.27	" 10.40	47	Cobble Hill	31	" 4.37	" 9.44
" 6.15	" 10.27	43	McPherson's	35	" 4.49	" 9.57
" 6.05	" 10.17	40	Koksilah	38	" 4.59	" 10.07
" 6.00	" 10.12	38	Duncan's	40	" 5.01	" 10.12
" 5.52	" 10.02	35	Somenos	43	" 5.12	" 10.22
" 5.32	" 9.36	26	Chemainus	52	" 5.32	" 10.48
" 5.15	" 9.15	19	Oyster Bay Siding	59	" 5.49	" 11.09
" 4.42	De. 8.34 / Ar. 8.25	5	Nanaimo	73	" 6.22	Ar. 11.50 / De. 11.59
De. 4.30 P.M.	De. 8.10 A.M.		Wellington	78	Ar. 6.34 P.M.	Ar. 12.14 P.M.

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt. my4

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers.

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RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars

Elegant Dining Cars

Tourist Sleeping Cars

TO— St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.30 pm	Ml	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	82	...... Seattle......	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar. *...Tacoma..... Lv	Ml	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pas. Agent, 121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or. ap2

BY WAY OF

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

AND OVER

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Is the best route in every respect to

CHICAGO

and all points East,

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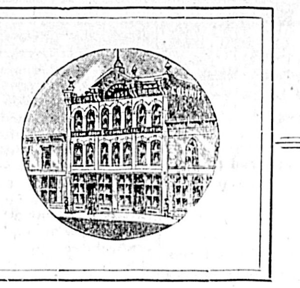
and all points South. Direct connections in Union Depots. Vestibuled Trains. Compartm't Buffet, Pullman, and Dining Cars on every train. All ticket agents can sell you to your desination over "The North-Western Line."

F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent Seattle. ja19



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—IN THE—

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(DAILY AND WEEKLY)

☞IF YOU WANT TO DO BUSINESS.☜

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ONE CENT A WORD

For each issue, thus enabling thousands to read your requirements and save you time and money.

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PROMPTLY EXECUTED

AND AT

REASONABLE PRICES.

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ALL CLASSES OF WORK, — Such as Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Plain Labels, Colored Labels, Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Etc. . . . . . .

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WE PRINT EVERYTHING — Posters, Office Stationery, Trade Circulars, Catalogues, Business and Advice Forms, Blank Forms, Appeal Books, Law Forms of all kinds, Sale Bills, Insurance Forms, Books and Pamphlets, Illustrated Catalogues, Constitutions and By-Laws, Programmes, Receipt Forms, Note Forms, Folders, Etc. . . . . .

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IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART — Are executed on THE COLONIST Presses. The best of material the most capable workmen and careful attention to work, with FAIR PRICES, has earned for THE COLONIST Presses a provincial reputation. . .

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VICTORIA, B. C.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

ARE RUNNING THROUGH TRAINS TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTHEAST WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

For Safety, Comfort and Quick Time be sure your Ticket reads via this route.

For all information apply to

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent. Vancouver, B.C. au25

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, Cor. Fort and Gov't Sts.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European points.

FROM MONTREAL.		
Allan Line	Parisian	July 28
"	Mongolian	Aug 4
Dominion Line	Oregon	July 28
"	Sarnia	Aug 4
Beaver Line	Lake Superior	Aug 1
"	Lake Winnipeg	Aug 8
FROM NEW YORK.		
Cunard Line	Lucania	July 28
"	Umbria	Aug 4
White Star Line	Britannia	Aug 1
"	Majestic	Aug 8
American Line	Chester	Aug 1
"	New York	Aug 8
North Ger. Lloyd	Weser	Aug 8
"	Obdam	Aug 16
Anchor Line	Ethiopia	Aug 11
"	Furnessia	Aug 18
Allan State Line	California	Aug 3
"	Nebraska	Aug 17

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10.00 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

C. EDDY, General Agent,

J. W. CASEY, Trav. Pass. Agent, Olympic Block, Seattle

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL-RAIL TO NELSON, B.C.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE TO NELSON, KASLO, KOOTENAI LAKE AND SLOCAN POINTS.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7:00 a.m. Lv... SPOKANE... Ar. 5:30 p.m.

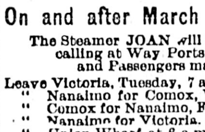
On Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kalso and all lake points, arriving at Kalso at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Wednesdays and Saturdays, arriving at Spokane same days

Commening May 2nd, passengers for Trail Creek, Nakusp, New Denver, Revelstoke and all points on the Canadian Pacific Railway, will leave Spokane on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7 a.m., connecting at Northport with steamer (same day) at 1 p.m.

Passengers by steamer from above points arrive in Spokane same evening.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. ja11

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER **JOAN**

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a. m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m
" Union Wharf at 6 a. m. every Thursday for Nanaimo, returning to Union Wharf same day.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. fe4

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY Ill. book free

CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1894.

NOTE.

Changes of advertisements must be handed in not later than 6 p.m. in order to insure insertion the following day.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Aug. 2, 1894.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m.,	54°	Mean 60°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	52°		
9 a. m.,	62°	Highest 73°	5 a.m—Calm.
1 p. m.,	71°		1 p. m.—Calm.
5 p. m.,	66°	Lowest 50°	5 p. m.—Calm.
9 p. m.,	55°		
			Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Clear.
Sunshine—12 hrs. 00 min.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

MARRIED.

BLACKBURN-THROUP—At St. John's church, Victoria, on the 2nd inst., by Rev. Percival Jenns, John Blackburn, of Preston, Lancashire, England, to Ada Maria Throup, of this city.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—Jas Wright, J Brusta, H J Steller, J G Gorman, C Kiplin, F Gorman, Geo Fields, Edna Smith, Emma Knapp, Jas E Gibbon, Geo Paint, F E Jenkins, Mrs E Allen, Mrs N Elwell, M Steller.

Per Str. YOSEMITE, from New Westminster—Miss Luscombe, Mrs G Mason, Mrs O'Neil, Miss Almond, Mrs Almond, Miss M McKenzie, Sister of St Ann's Convent, W Munro, W McDowell, S Hemens, S Shepperd, W M Robson, J A Smith.

Per Steamer CHARMER, from Vancouver—J G Woods, G M Leishman, J Macaulay, A E Westcott, M H Mason, C W Reid, Miss A Brown, Mrs Alding, Mrs Slater, C R Slater, John Thomas, E L Pelkey, H S Rowling, W P Baker, F F Brown, Master Crosswey, J Sterling, R Collister, E C Baker, A Nicholson, G Galsford, G A Powys, Albert Fowler, E S Newman, W B Kemp, D Todd, Miss Tuain, Miss Ellis, J W Speed, Mrs Crossway, P O French.

Per Str CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—R E Schwartz, C E Thompson and wife, Miss Allen, Mrs Tupner, Mrs Smith, D H Reid, H Fulton, Mrs Carstens, Mrs Jacobs, Mrs Blom, Mrs S Willard, Miss M G Willard, Mrs Ersinbers, W H Ford, Mrs Berry, Miss Berry, J T Loney, Mrs Raleterfen.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—James Wright, B Van Volkenburgh, E B Hill, Victoria Transfer Co

Per Str. YOSEMITE, from New Westminster—S Leiser, Lenz & L, Canada P Co, Rithet & Co, Ames H & Co, P Nelson, W H Clark, George Tolick R J Mathews, Marvin & T, Wah Hing, T Reding, T B & Co, W B Sylvester, Col Peters, L Goodacre, L Dickinson, R Porter & Son, B C Cattle Co, W Munro.

Per Steamer CHARMER, from Vancouver—W Morris, J Piercy & Co, N S Keeper, Y S, R P Rithet, A McGregor, R B Esnouf, E G Prior & Co, Lenz & L, Col Ind Rev J H T, L Dickinson, Fell & Co, Clarke & P, E Harrison, E Wargg, G H Proctor, H Bornstein, H B Co, T Earle, W H Clark, Perry & T, Ramsay Bros, A E Fox, G A Carleton, Dom Ex Co.

Per Str CITY OF KINGSTON, from the Sound—J H Todd & Son, W Bros, McKillican & A, C Braunrd & Co, Simon Leiser, E G Prior & Co, Colonist P & P Co, A F K, P McQ & Son, J E Sully, Chicago Insulated Wire Co, E W & Co, D & M, Lenz & L, Jas Bucci, Jno Raynor, Simon Leiser, R Baker & Son, Geo Roberts, W T Thwaite, M R Smith, W J Cusack, T L, E G Prior & Co, Wilson Bros, R P Rithet, Hud Bay Co, E E Blackwood, Andrew Trana, Vigelius Bros, F Sere, Brackman & K, C Braund & Co, P A Silberstone.

PERSONAL.

C. de Grandpre, of Wellington, is at the Oriental.

G. M. Leishman returned from Vancouver last night.

E. Crow Baker returned from the Mainland yesterday.

James Wright, of Tacoma, is a guest at the New England.

P. B. Gallagher, of San Francisco, is staying at the Oriental.

Hon. P. Le Poer Trench, British Minister to Japan, is at the Driard.

R. Collister, inspector of hulls, was a passenger by the Charmer last evening.

Mrs. Robert Foster arrived home yesterday after a three months visit to friends in the East.

W. B Townsend and Mrs. Townsend, Westminster, returned home this morning by the Charmer.

Charles Rald, Brooklyn; Mrs. M. H. Mason, New York; and C. D. Thompson, Toronto, are at the Driard.

W. C. Burns, who has been in Cumberland, Eng., visiting his old home, returned to Victoria Wednesday after an absence of eight months.

W. J. Sutton while East will join a mineralogical party in Michigan, who purpose making a tour of examination of the most important mines in the United States.

Cheap Rates to the East and Return.

The Northern Pacific railway has made a rate of $72.75 to Washington, D. C., and return, on account of the biennial session of the Supreme Lodge K. of P., and $66 50 to Pittsburg, Pa., and return for the Grand Army of the Republic encampment.

Tickets good for sixty days from date of sale. A special train, with dining cars and sleepers, will leave Seattle August 18th, running through to Washington, via Pittsburg.

This gives intending passengers a rare opportunity for a cheap trip to all points East and return.

For further information call on or address.

E E BLACKWOOD,
Agent N.P.R R. Co., Victoria B.C.

Large variety of new rattan and bamboo goods at Weiler Bros. See large ad. *

Preserving jars and jelly glasses at Weiler Bros. Put up your fruit in the celebrated "Mason jar." *

I X L Carving Set at Cheapside. *

Drink Victoria-Phœnix Lager Beer.

The Bank Exchange.
Private dining rooms up stairs.

Dr. Low's Worm Syrup cures and removes worms of all kinds in children or adults. Price 25c. Sold by all dealers.

Ladies—Hinde s curling pins at Fox's.

Children's Sailor Blouses in cream serge, navy serge, Galatea stripe, etc. See them, at Reid's, 122 Government street.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

"The Pestilential Japanese Must Be Rooted From Their Lairs"—"The Kow Shung."

Important Affidavits Calculated to Discredit the Chinese—Treaty Ports in Danger.

TIENTSIN, Aug. 2.—The Emperor of China has issued a manifesto in response to Japan's declaration of war. The manifesto declares that the Emperor accepts the war which Japan has thrust upon him and orders the Viceroy and commanders of the Imperial forces to "root these pestilential Japanese from their lairs." The Emperor throws the whole blame for the shedding of blood upon the Japanese, who he asserts are fighting in an unjust cause. The Emperor has expressed a desire to come to Tientsin in order to be near the centre of interest, Viceroy Li Hung Chang is opposed to the movement, on the ground that Tientsin does not afford suitable accommodations for His Majesty.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 2—The Japanese have withdrawn their troops from Seoul. Thirty thousand Chinese soldiers have crossed the Corean frontier.

Although the treaty ports are exempt from hostilities during the war, the precautions taken to block the Yang Tse Kiang have rendered navigation unsafe except in broad daylight. The lights at the entrance of the river have been removed, and many torpedoes have been laid. The Chinese steamer plying between this port and Ning Po has raised the British flag, and the Smith and Cass, local Chinese coasters have raised the American flag.

For some reason, not ascertainable, the Pei Yang squadron returned to Chee Foo this afternoon.

The affidavit of Captain Galsworthy and Chief officer Tamplin of the transport Kow Shung, which was sunk by the Japanese cruiser Naniwa, have been laid before the Japanese authorities. They agree in the main with the previous accounts of the affair, but give this additional detail: When the Naniwa began firing on the Kow Shung, Captain Galsworthy and several others jumped overboard. While they were swimming the Chinese aboard the Kow Shung kept firing at them. The Naniwa lowered a boat, which picked up Galsworthy and Tamplin. These officers were treated with every kindness by the Japanese. Previously, when Captain Galsworthy had attempted to follow the Naniwa or leave the ship, the Chinese generals had threatened to kill him. The Japanese boarded the Kow Shung a second time to transfer the Europeans to the Naniwa, but the Chinese prevented this.

TOKIO, Aug. 2—The government has wired instructions to the Japanese minister in London to offer an apology to Great Britain for firing upon and sinking the Kow Shung while she was flying the British flag. The minister is also instructed to inform the government of Great Britain that the commander of the Japanese cruiser was unaware until after the fight that the Kow Shung was a British vessel. Captain Galeworthy, the commander of the Kow Shung, together with many others on board, were saved by the boats of the Japanese warship Naniwa.

LONDON, Aug. 2. — The admiralty has ordered Vice-Admiral Fremantle, who commands the British squadron on the Asiatic coast, to approach the Chinese and Japanese ports, and, while observing strict neutrality, to watch the progress of operations. Private dispatches say that Japan has closed her legation in Pekin and recalled her minister and all her consuls from China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 2.—The presence of a Japanese troop of acrobats on the stage of the Chinese theatre last night almost precipitated a riot. The audience hissed and otherwise manifested its displeasure, and finally compelled them to leave the stage.

The alarming war news from Asia, combined with reports of severe drouths in Japan, has resulted in a general advance in the market price of rice, which is a staple article of consumption among the thousands of Chinese and Japanese on the Pacific Coast. Jap rice has risen from $4 37½ to $5 per 100 pounds, Chinese mixed rices from $3 50 to $3 75 per 100 pounds, and Hawaiian rice from $4 50 to $5 25 and $5 50 per 100 pounds. Most of the so called Chinese mixed rice comes from Siam via Hongkong, a British port.

The marine insurance companies which have agencies in this city will not write any more policies for merchandise shipped from San Francisco to Japanese and Chinese ports unless a special war risk is included. It will make no difference whether the goods are shipped in American or foreign vessels, though the sentiment among the underwriters, especially those who represent foreign marine insurance companies, is that the merchandise will be safer in British bottoms and the risk on such will probably be the lightest of all. All the foreign marine insurance agencies in this city are anxiously awaiting instructions from their home offices as to the rate of war risks to be charged. Large quantities of merchandise are shipped from San Francisco to Shanghai by steamers of the Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental companies. This merchandise does not go direct, but is transhipped at Yokohama by a line of Japanese steamers. Merchandise going by that route will be subject to a heavy risk.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 2—Bishop Alpheus W. Wilson, of the Southern Methodist church, who spent many years in mission work in China and Japan, says there is much reason to fear for the safety of the missionaries, both men and women, now stationed in China and Korea. The natives are always ready to visit the responsibility for trouble on the foreigners, no matter how remote they may be from the cause of trouble.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 2.—A cablegram announcing the arrival of the United States steamer Monocacy at Nagasaki, Japan, received by Secretary Herbert, is the only official news that has come to the government from its representatives in China and Japan, and the surmise that official dispatches are being purposely obstructed now amounts to conviction. The Monocacy was at Chemulpo, Korea, with the Baltimore, and it is supposed that she ran over to Nagasaki for coal and supplies. It is thought here that the action of Japan in officially notifying the British government of the existence of a state of war between Japan and China was precipitated by the Kow Shung incident. Had such notice preceded the sinking of the ship Japan would not have incurred liability to Great Britain and been obliged to apologize. In effect that notice is equivalent to a declaration of war, or at least it imposes the same obligations upon neutral nations. By this stroke Japan has doubtless seriously embarrassed China in her efforts to supply herself with warlike equipment in other countries. Just what the effect will be on the Chinese treaty ports cannot be foretold now. Japan has taken the ground that they are practically foreign settlements, and therefore has disclaimed any intention of interfering with them, regarding them as outside the scene of hostile operations. It is believed, however, that China will now proceed to close the more important treaty ports, beginning with Shanghai, perhaps by obstructing the entrances.

The Japanese legation to-day received an official copy of a note which on July 31 the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs addressed to the representatives of all the foreign powers in Tokio. The text of this important declaration is as follows: "The Japanese government, having exhausted every honorable means to bring about a just and lasting settlement of the differences existing between Japan and China, and those efforts having proved wholly unavailing, the undersigned has the honor, in fulfilment of the duty devolving upon him, to announce to you that a state of war exists between Japan and China."

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 2.—It is reported from a semi-official source, that the government here, desiring a prompt settlement of the Japanese-Chinese conflict, is willing to act in complete accordance with Great Britain. Should their joint efforts fail to restore peace Russia is determined not to let any power take possession of any part of Korea.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Lacrosse Men in Good Form for Saturday's Great Event—Proposed Grounds at Oak Bay.

Tennis Games Progressing—Crews for the James Bay Regatta—Bicycling Camp.

The executive of the lacrosse club met last evening to discuss several matters of importance. A proposition was received from the tramway company in reference to establishing grounds at Oak Bay, which was referred to a special committee to investigate and report. A communication was received in reference to playing an exhibition game of lacrosse at Seattle on Sunday, August 12. On motion it was unanimously resolved to refuse to countenance any proposition in regard to a Sunday game.

Last night the Victoria team had their final practice for next Saturday's game with the Westminster club, and they are all in the pink of condition, having put in a hard week's work on the field, and feel confident of winning. The players will be chosen from the following: W. H Cullin, C. Cullin, A. Belfry, F. Williams, R. Williams, W. Jackson, H. E. Morton, W. Blight, W. E. Ditchburn, R. Eckardt, A. E. Macnaughton, D. Patterson, F. Cullin and T. Cusack. W. H. Clarke will be field captain. The band of the B C B G A. has been engaged for the afternoon and a first-class musical entertainment will be rendered, commencing at 2:30, and also between the games.

Westminster will send her strongest team, accompanied by a monster excursion. An excursion will also be run from Nanaimo, as a very low rate has been secured on the E. & N. railway by the people of that place.

A dispatch from Westminster last night states that the team to be sent down on Saturday will be the same as played in the last match with Victoria with the exception of L A. Lewis, who will be replaced by McQuarrie or Taylor.

The Provincial Lacrosse Association will meet at Mr. R Irving's office, Broad street, at 8:30 this evening to consider the protests against Morton and Belfrey.

LAWN TENNIS.

CLUB SINGLES HANDICAP STILL ON.

There were four matches played at the tournament yesterday afternoon in continuation of the event which commenced on Monday. The second round has now been passed and the third is being rapidly taken in hand. The scores of yesterday's games are:

B. H. T. Drake (receives ½ of 15) defeated A G. Smith (receives 30) 1 6, 6-5, 6 3.

A. C. Elmore (scratch) defeated F. B. Pemberton (receives ½ of 30) 6-3, 6 4.

G. E. Parkes (receives 15) defeated A. J. O'Reilly (receives ½ of 30) 6-4, 6-3.

Geo. C. Johnston (receives ½ of 15) defeated W. H. Langley, (receives 15) 3-6, 6-5, 6-3.

P. S. Lampman owing to indisposition was unable to meet C. C. Worsfold, and consequently dropped out of the round.

FIXTURES FOR TO-DAY.

To finish the third Round—Geo. C. Johnston vs. G. E. Parkes, C. C. Worsfold vs. J. F. Foulkes. A. C. Elmore will play the winner of C. C. Worsfold and J. F. Foulkes, and B. H. T. Drake will face the winner of Geo. C. Johnston and G. E. Parkes. This will bring the event down to semi-finals. E. A. Jacob and J. H. Millar, who drew byes in the first round of the open singles, will also meet at 4:30 this afternoon.

THE DUNCAN TOURNAMENT.

DUNCAN, Aug. 2—(Special.)—The adjourned tournament of the Cowichan Lawn Tennis Club will be held at the club's ground, Cowichan, on Saturday next, beginning shortly after the arrival of the morning's trains at Koksilah and Duncan, the two nearest railway stations.

CRICKET.

A WIN FROM THE ISLANDERS.

The Islanders were defeated by an eleven of the V.C.C. at the Caledonian grounds yesterday. The Islanders went to the bat, and put together 80, Wilson and Trimen being the chief scorers. The bowling of W. A. Ward was as usual very good, his analysis being four overs, two maidens, four runs and four wickets. Wallis' wicket keeping was a surprise to the spectators, as was also the fielding of Prof. Foster. The Victoria eleven made 91 before they were dismissed, Wallis hitting up 22 and T. Pooley 19 in very lively style. For the Islanders Wilson and Duncan bowled with good judgment.

THE WHEEL.

A BLANKET CAMP PROPOSED.

The Victoria wheelmen are discussing the proposal of one of their number that a blanket parade and camp be called for next Saturday evening, weather permitting. The boys are to bring their blankets, and wheel to some suitable spot fifteen or twenty miles outside the city and camp for the night, returning home on Sunday.

NANAIMO HAS ORGANIZED.

NANAIMO, Aug. 2—(Special.)—A bicycle club has been organized in connection with the newly formed Literary, Athletic and Temperance Association. There is already a good membership list, including the Deeming brothers of Northfield. The club will be affiliated with the C.W.A.

THE OAR.

JAMES BAY REGATTA.

Six crews having been organized for the four-oared races in connection with the regatta of the James Bay association to be held on the 25th inst., there is promise of good sport. The chief event is the contest for the Flumerfelt cup, for which the entries are:

G. E. Jorgensen (stroke), T. C. Boulton, C. M. Roberts, P. Hibben.

H. Austin (stroke), D. O'Sullivan, W. P. Perkins, E. O. Finlayson.

T. Geiger (stroke), C. E. Bailey, W. H. Wilkerson, A. Gowen.

F. S. Widdowson (stroke), W. J. Mackay, J. Aden, D. Jones.

Another four-oared race will be for novices, for which the following crews of "old boys" and "boys" respectively have entered:

J. R. G. Bullen (stroke), J. S. Munro, A. W. O'Brien, A. G. Smith.

L. Young (stroke), F. E. Smith, A. Wolfenden, A. H. Finlayson.

THE CUE.

THE CARTER HOUSE TOURNAMENT.

A. Dewsnap won by two points after a very close game with Stewart (received 5) in the local tournament at the Carter house last evening. G. Gordon (receives 30) will play against J. Shaw (receives 25).

Fruit jars, at Cheapside.

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G. BYRNES,
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MEETINGS.

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ja28-tf C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

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